Five Facts for Leadership on the Future of Healthcare Business Disruption

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Finance and Business Strategy

Why the idea of disruption is so hard for healthcare leaders to understand



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t's time to talk about the word *disruption* – what it is and what it isn't – because right now in healthcare it seems to be generating more angst than strategy.

First, some good news. *Disruption* (shorthand for "disruptive innovation") is just a theory. It's an idea. That's all. It was first introduced in the mid-1990s, having been designed by Harvard academics to answer one question that was on every executive's mind: How do I stay on top of my industry when this new "internet" thing is changing everything below it?

At the time, tech companies were gobbling up market share from well-managed and established brands across the country (e.g., Amazon versus Borders, Netflix versus Blockbuster, new e-commerce channels versus Sears).

Disruption, as an academic theory, entered the national conversation to help explain how those popular brands were losing market share, even while ostensibly doing all the right things:

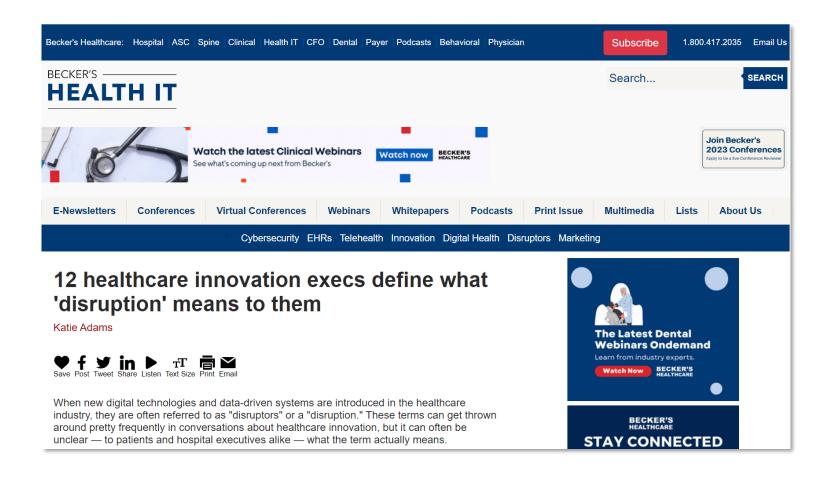
"The process begins with a small company entering the low end of a market ... claiming the least profitable portion of the market as its own. Because the established, incumbent companies own the most profitable market segments, they most likely won't fight the entrant for that market share.

The entrant then improves its offerings and moves upmarket with increasing profitability. Once the incumbents' customers have widely adopted the entrant's offerings in the mainstream market, disruption has occurred." a

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Fact #1: "Disruption" is a business theory, not an







Disruptive Technologies Catching the Wave

by Joseph L. Bower and Clayton M. Christensen

Included with this full-text Harvard Business Review article:

- 1 Article Summary
- The Idea in Brief—the core idea
 The Idea in Practice—putting the idea to work
- 2 Disruptive Technologies: Catching the Wave
- 13 Further Reading

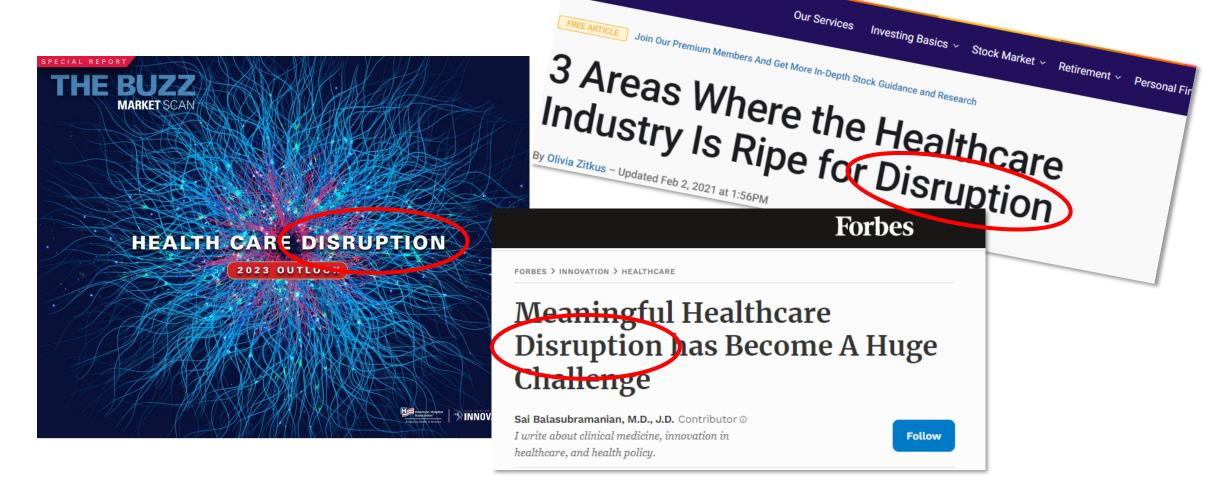
A list of related materials, with annotations to guide further exploration of the article's ideas and applications

- **Disruptive innovation** is the process by which a smaller company—usually with fewer resources—moves upmarket and challenges larger, established businesses.
- The process begins with a **small company entering the low end of a market**, or creating a new market segment, claiming the least profitable portion of the market as its own. Because the established, incumbent companies own the most profitable market segments, they most likely won't fight the entrant for that market share.
- The entrant then **improves its offerings and moves upmarket** with increasing profitability. Once the incumbents' customers have widely adopted the entrant's offerings in the mainstream market, disruption has occurred.











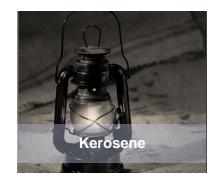






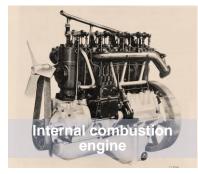








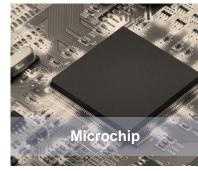




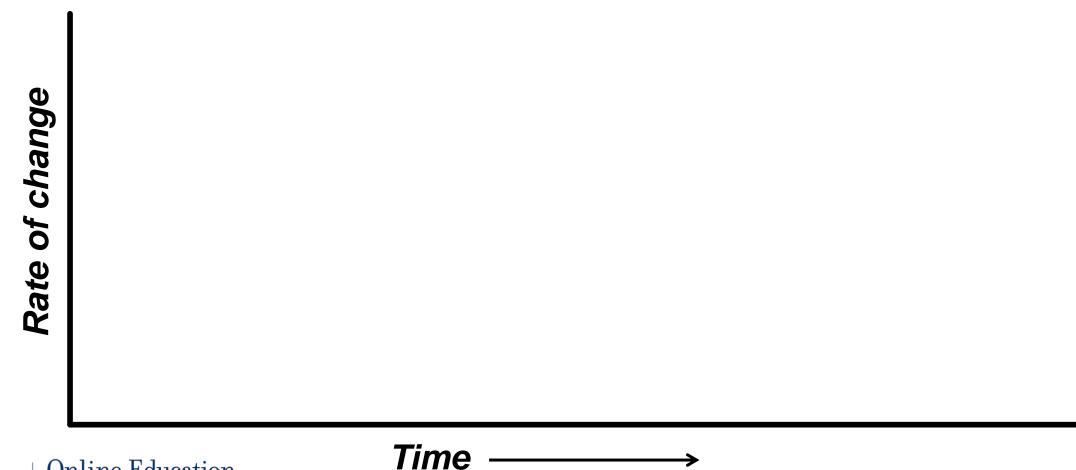


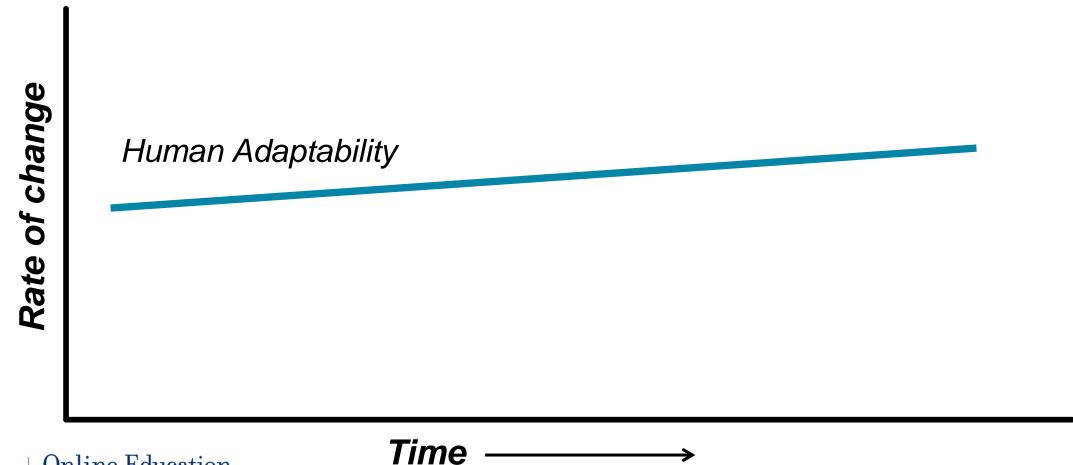


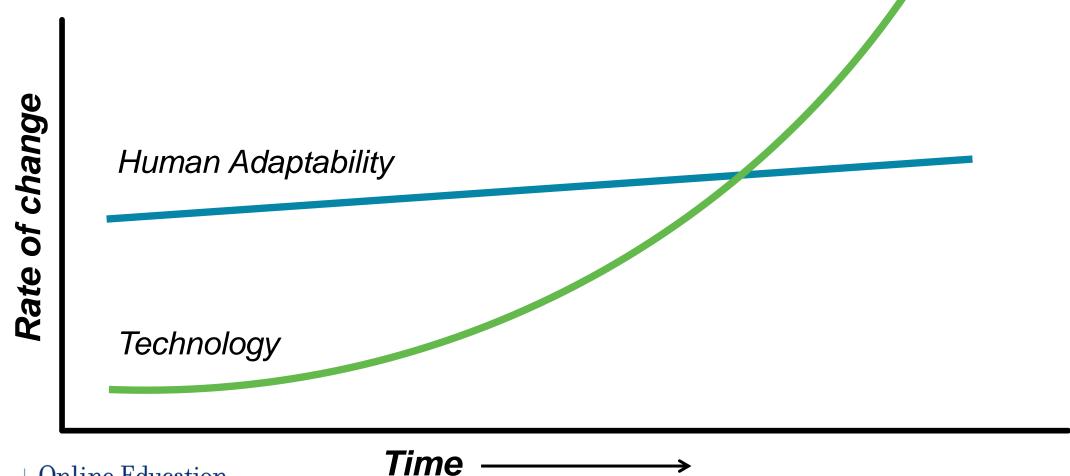


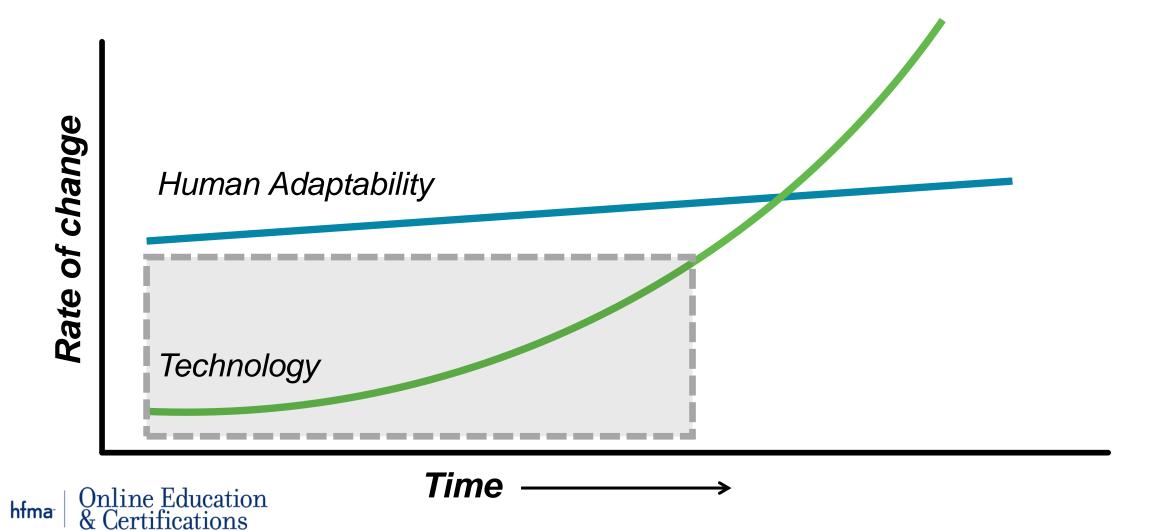


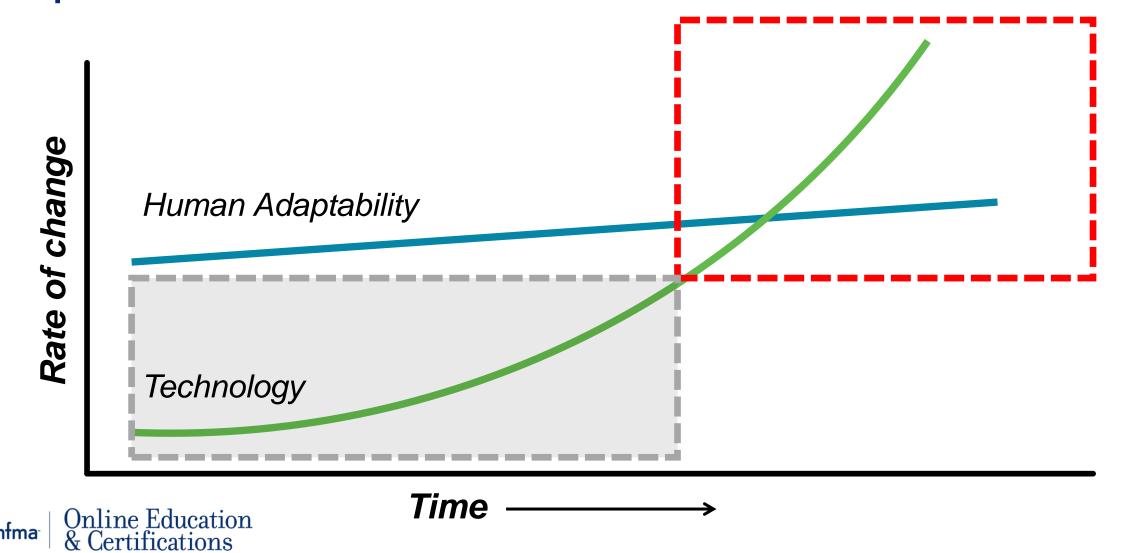


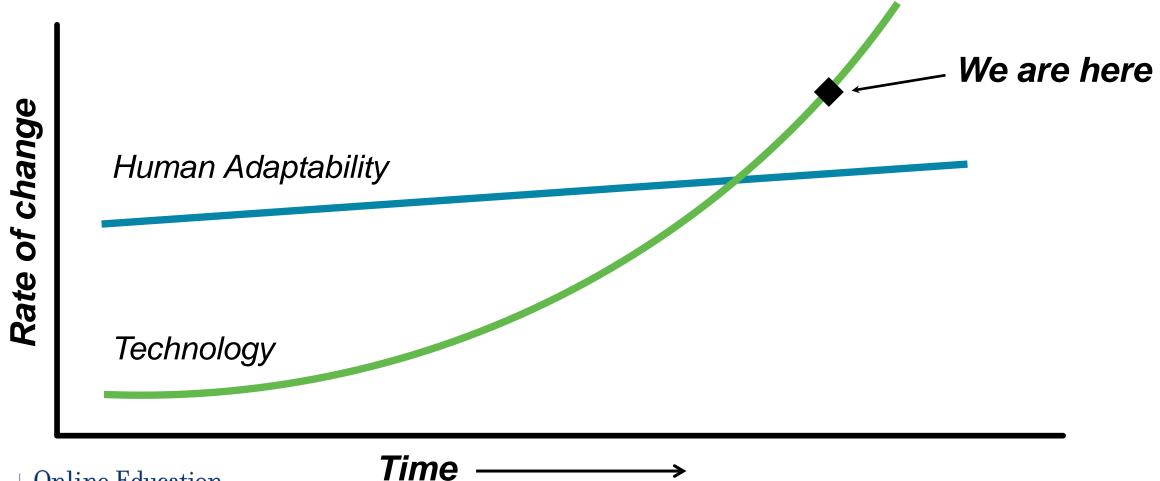












Fact #3: Historically, outsiders have a hard time penetrating U.S. health care.



Six Forces That Can Drive Innovation—Or Kill It

Players

The friends and foes lurking in the health care system that can destroy or bolster an innovation's chance of success.

Funding

The processes for generating revenue and acquiring capital, both of which differ from those in most other industries.

Policy

The regulations that pervade the industry, because incompetent or fraudulent suppliers can do irreversible human damage.

Technology

The foundation for advances in treat-

ment and for innovations that can make health care delivery more efficient and convenient.

Customers

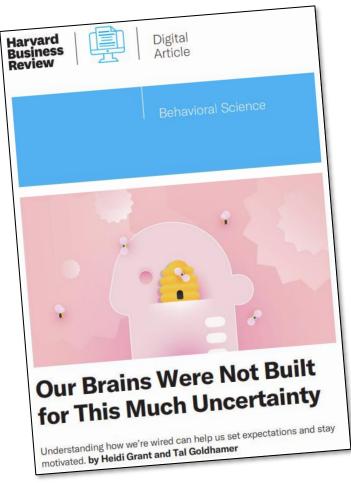
The increasingly engaged consumers of health care, for whom the passive term "patient" seems outdated.

Accountability

The demand from vigilant consumers and cost-pressured payers that innovative health care products be not only safe and effective but also cost-effective relative to competing products.



Fact #4: As leaders, our brains are not built for this much uncertainty.



- "Given that habits and recognizable patterns are kind of its 'thing,' the brain evolved to be uncertainty averse. When things become less predictable and therefore less controllable we experience a strong state of threat.
- You may already know that threat leads to 'fight, freeze or flight' responses in the brain. You may not know that it also leads to decreases in motivation, focus, agility, cooperative behavior, self-control, sense of purpose and meaning, and overall well-being."

Fact #5: Amidst rapid change, new leadership skills are needed to survive and thrive.

DEFENSE



Four Ways to Respond to Disruption There are benefits and risks to each strategy. **Double Down Fight Back** OFFENSE BENEFIT: You leverage your BENEFIT: By moving quickly,

Retrench

longtime assets

RISK: The market may not value

those assets in the future

BENEFIT: You reduce threats from new entrants through scale and lobbying

RISK: It's a recipe for managed decline and hard to sell to stakeholders

> EMPHASIS ON EXISTING SEGMENTS AND MARKETS

Move Away

you keep new entrants at bay

RISK: It's hard to execute and

easy to get the timing wrong

BENEFIT: You seize opportunities in new markets

RISK: Diversification is always challenging to pull off

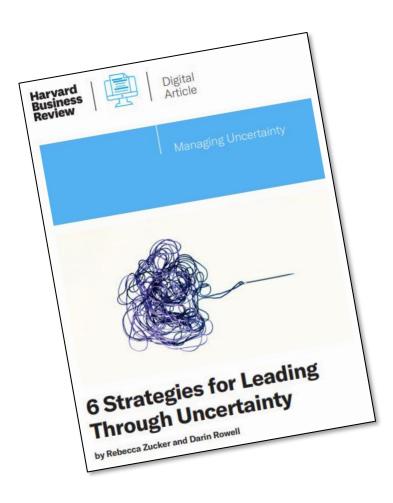
> EMPHASIS ON NEW SEGMENTS AND MARKETS

Fact #5: Amidst rapid change, new leadership skills are needed to survive and thrive.



- Remain visible.
- Encourage candid dialogue.
- Adopt a resilient mindset.
- Maintain strategic awareness.

Fact #5: Amidst rapid change, new leadership skills are needed to survive and thrive.



- Embrace the discomfort of **not knowing**.
- Distinguish between complicated and complex.
- Let go of perfectionism.
- Resist oversimplification and quick conclusions.
- Don't go it alone.
- Zoom out.

