



IQUEUE FOR OPERATING ROOMS

Oregon Health and Science University's
Journey to Optimize & Expand Surgical Volume

DATE: AUGUST 28, 2023

PRESENTED BY:

JAMIE HARRELL, MBA, Director of Operations, Perioperative Services & Multispecialty Procedure Units
KRISTEN LUND, MN, RN, Director, Preoperative Medicine Clinic/OR Scheduling/MSPU Scheduling



JAMIE HARRELL, MBA,
Director of Operations, Perioperative
Services & Multispecialty Procedure Units
harrellj@ohsu.edu



KRISTEN LUND, MN, RN,
Director, Preoperative Medicine
Clinic/OR Scheduling/MSPU Scheduling
bonczkow@ohsu.edu

- no relevant financial or nonfinancial relationships to disclose -

SESSION OBJECTIVES

- explore challenges of relying on traditional OR performance reports for key operational decision-making
- describe the value of adopting a culture of data transparency in perioperative analytics
- discover how OHSU's adoption of predictive and prescriptive analytics tools optimized efficiency and resource allocation

OHSU INSTITUTIONAL BACKGROUND

- *U.S. News & World Report* rankings:
 - #1 hospital in Oregon (2023-24)
 - Nationally ranked in 3 adult specialties and 5 children's specialties (2022-23)
- Gross Patient Charges: \$6.7 billion (FY 2023)
- Surgical gross revenues: \$1.1 billion (FY2023)
- ~35,000+ annual surgeries performed at 4 surgical sites across 53 operating rooms
- 576 licensed beds
- 1 of 2 designated Level 1 Trauma Centers in Oregon, playing a pivotal role in the inception of the Oregon Trauma System.
- Oregon's *only* academic health center
- Two partner hospitals: Hillsboro Medical Center & Adventist Hospital Portland



AGENDA

- 1 — introduction
- 2 — universal challenges
- 3 — institutional background: challenges & motivations
- 4 — implementation overview: iQueue and pre/post-COVID
- 5 — the leadership perspective
- 6 — next steps

Q & A

OPERATING ROOM ISSUES

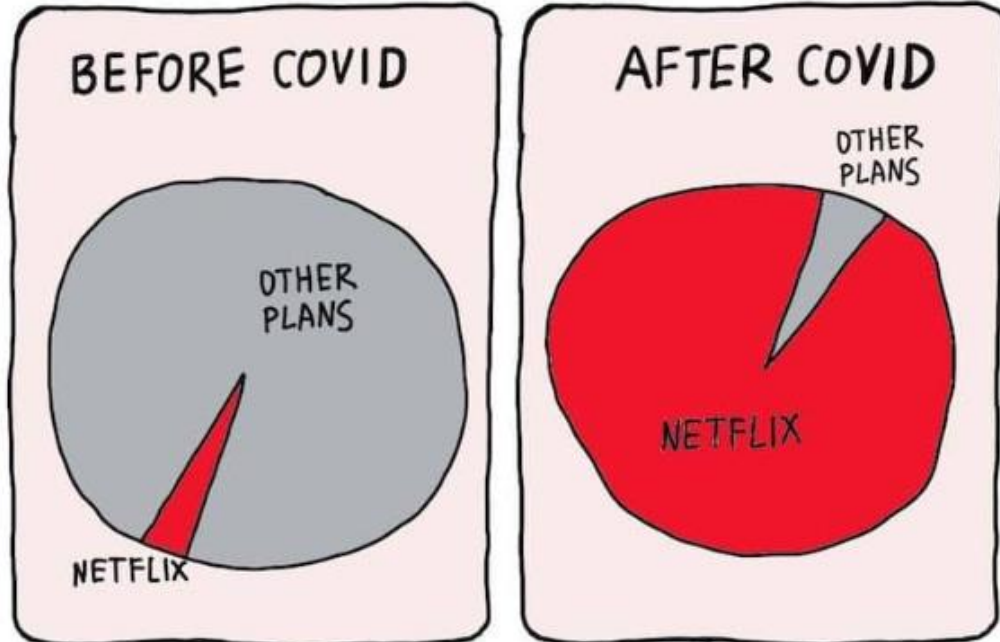
Pre Pandemic & Pre iQueue

access

accountability

visibility

evening plans



Irina Blok

OPERATING ROOM ISSUES

Pre Pandemic & Pre iQueue

access

- 15+ providers with no block
- out of control add on list
- anesthesia inefficiencies – need to consolidate rooms
- in-patients waiting for surgery – large number of backlog elective cases
- various release deadlines / no proactive block release
- advertising open time is time consuming and manual process



OPERATING ROOM ISSUES

Pre Pandemic & Pre iQueue



accountability

one - dimension metric

accuracy and utility of raw block utilization statistics was easily refuted
- resulted in little reallocation and action from perioperative leadership

budget disconnection

hospital budget and block utilization were disconnected - difficult to determine who is responsible and accountable for utilization

OPERATING ROOM ISSUES

Pre Pandemic & Pre iQueue

visibility

limited visibility to 'open time'

manual process

slow

untrustworthy data manually extracted from EHR

no visibility into their own data

no visibility into or other's data

no visibility into metric definitions

time consuming to produce

OPERATING ROOM ISSUES

Pre Pandemic & Pre iQueue

weekend incentive blocks

goal: free up block during primetime (Mon-Fri)

outcomes: increased volume
did not help capacity
did not help block

what we learned: surgeons did not take week day off
extra workload

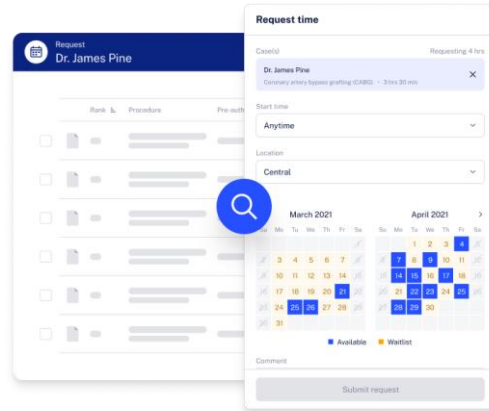
High Capacity Incentive Plan

1. Attending Surgeon(s) will be eligible for \$1,500 incentive payment per block.
 - a. Weekend day is a Saturday or Sunday.
 - b. Weekend blocks are 8hr blocks (0730-1530)
 - i. 4 hrs or more = \$1,500
 - ii. less than 4 hrs= \$750
 - c. Majority (>50%) of scheduled case minutes must be inpatient status cases (not same day discharge).
 - d. Block releases Monday prior at 4pm.
 - e. Block can be recurring (secured weekly/monthly) or ad hoc (accessed through iQ).
 - f. Weekend OR blocks may or may not represent an "extra shift" of physician work, but this effort should be determined with the Department Chair.
 - g. Payment will be per attending (ie co attending surgeons will each receive incentive). No additional payment for fellow, PA, etc.
2. Weekend Blocks/Cases Not Eligible for Incentive Pay:
 1. Blocks with majority of case minutes booked as same day discharge.
 2. Add on cases/rooms or trauma (EGS, Ortho Trauma), short release rooms.



QUEUE - WHAT IS IT?

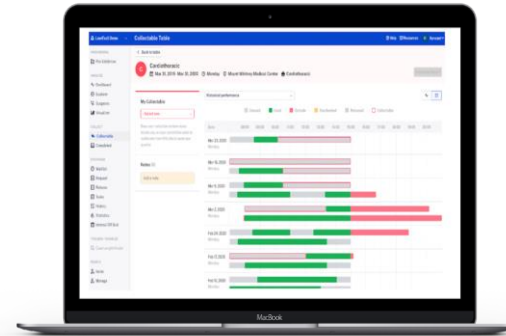
EXCHANGE



create OR access through a “marketplace for open time” and alerts to identify OR opportunities

*request OR time
release OR time
transfer OR time
get alerts when OR time is avail
reminder to release OR time*

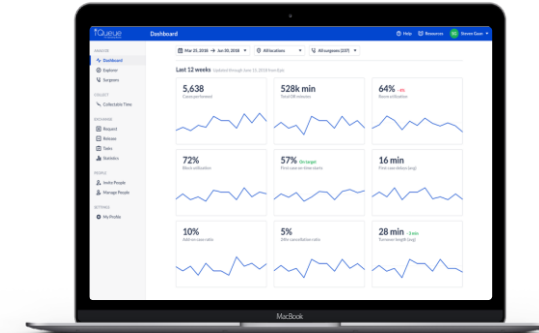
COLLECT & ALLOCATE



allocate new blocks through data driven process, surface truly reusable or “Collectable Time”

*review collective time by
service, day of week &
location,
visualize day by day
utilization,
visualize overbooking*

ANALYZE



‘single source of truth’ for analytics and “push” relevant metrics to users

*block utilization, primetime utilization
case volume, turn over time
1st case start,
case length data and accuracy
same day cancellation
robotic utilization*

OHSU IQUEUE IMPLEMENTATION

OHSU i-Queue go live: October 22, 2018

implementation was quick:

- data feed
- block build
- training

scope - modules:

- exchange
- collect
- analyze

practice surgery scheduler competition:

- most released and most transfer

culture shift – moved to 7 calendar day block release



OHSU IQUEUE RESULTS – 1 YEAR

Pre Pandemic & Post iQueue

access

implemented *Exchange*
into policy as the single
process to request open
time & release Block

accountability

collectable time added
to block policy for block
rightsizing

visibility

single source of truth for KPIs
automated reports
full visibility into open time
full visibility for all users



YES, WE MEAN ALL USERS HAVE ACCESS TO
EVERYONE'S DATA.



OHSU IQUEUE RESULTS – 1 YEAR

1,121

blocks released

3,450

approved open time requests

26 days

average block transfer proactivity

14 days

average release proactivity

+5%

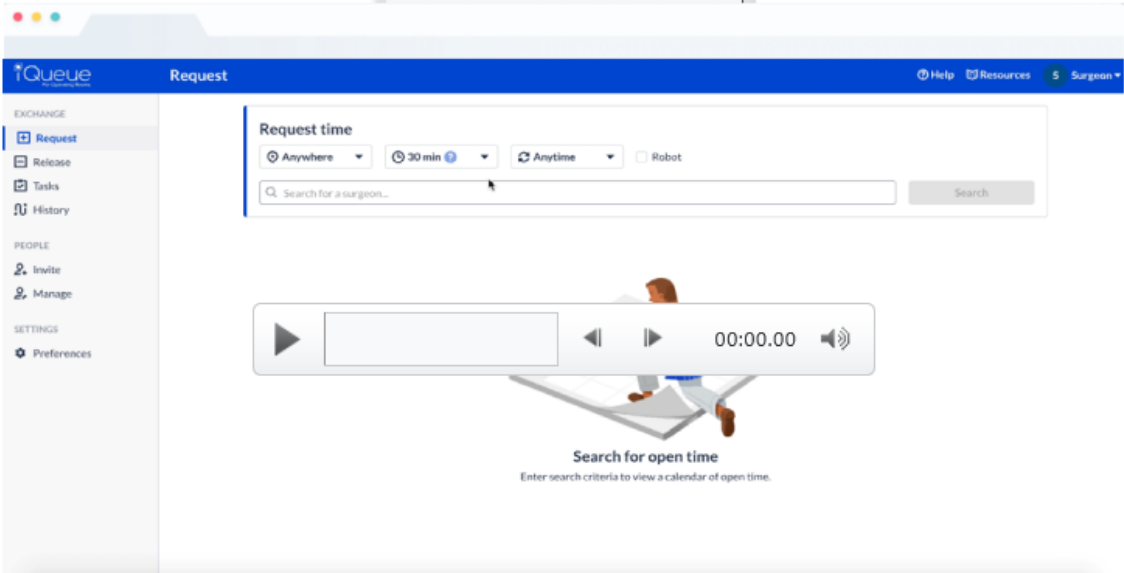
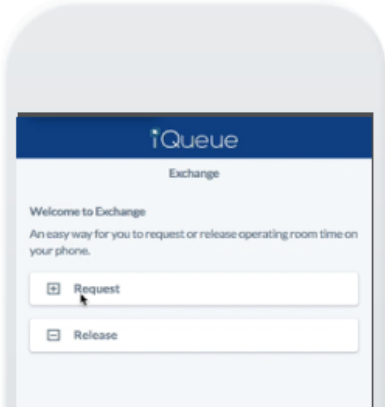
year over year block utilization*

+1%

year over year prime time utilization*

+5%

year over year staffed room utilization *



Data results based on 10/22/18 – 6/30/19, * = avg. since launch

RETURN ON INVESTMENT

Realized & Potential Financial Benefits

collect:

Total Collectable Blocks per Quarter = **171 blocks**

Average block length = **480 minutes**

\$ per OR minute = **\$150**

Average Utilization = **75%**

$171 * 480 * 150 * 0.75 = \$9,234,000$ quarterly
financial opportunity

~ $\$36,936,000$ yearly financial opportunity

exchange:

Released Minutes [capacity unlocked] = **321,000 mins**

Release Fill Rate [capacity filled]= **38%**

\$ per OR minute = **\$150**

^(a)Realized ROI: $321,000 * 38% * 150 = \$18,297,000$

OR

Realized ROI = 10% of requested min * \$150

^(b)Realized ROI = $(10% * 530,000 \text{ mins}) * \$150 =$
 $\$7,950,000$

total ROI opportunity: $\$36,936,000$

total realized ROI: ^(a) $\$18,297,000$ / ^(b) $\$7,950,000$



RETURN ON INVESTMENT

Realized Incremental Revenue

Total ORs (main operating rooms) = **25 ORs**

1 more case per OR per month

Incremental Cases = **300**

Minutes per case = **200** (actual avg. case duration)

\$ per OR minute: **\$150**

Incremental revenue = **~\$9,000,000**

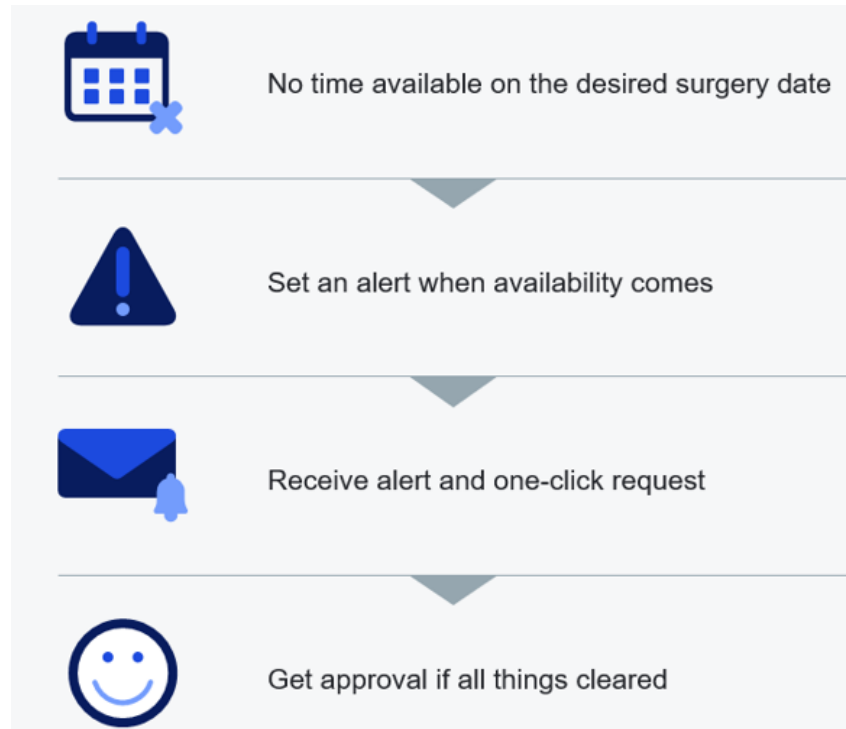
OR

Incremental cases done (assuming iQueue attribution of 50%) = **\$4,500,000**

POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

visibility to 'open time'

consistent and strong use of exchange market
role clarity - practice schedulers know when there is
time for a case, better planning starts farther
upstream



automation

availability alters – waiting list
maintained by a computer

iQueue
For Operating Rooms

New Time Available

Click the button below to request time in iQueue.

[Request Time in iQueue](#)

ID: 3500
Alert set by: Venice Mott
Alert set on: 08/22/2021 12:35:53

Location:
RHOR

Block Date:
11/07/2021

Surgeon/Block Owner:
Dr. DOE, JANE CATHERINE

Block Time:
08:30 AM - 01:00 PM

block release
moved from 7
days to 14 days

9. Block Release

- a. Blocks release at 0830 on the day of designated block release
- b. All blocks automatically release at 10 business days.
- c. Exceptions:
 - i. SOR:
 - a. 6am block release: Ortho Trauma, Acute Care Sugery [aka Emergency General Surgery (EGS)], Short Release
 - b. 23 hr block release: Adult Cardiac (see section e below)
 - c. 48 hr block release: Family Planning
 - ii. CHH:
 - a. 48 hr block release: Ortho Fracture Block, Family Planning
 - iii. DCH:
 - a. 5 business day block release: Ortho (OHSU and Kaiser), Peds Cardiac (see section f below)
 - b. 430am block release: Ortho Trauma
- d. Manual block release should be submitted through iQueue ahead of the automatic release to notify OR scheduling of vacation or conference time that will preclude filling block. This allows block to be open for other surgical services/surgeons.

OHSU BLOCK POLICY

Surgical blocks are owned by the Perioperative Department and are actively managed by local Management Groups (MGs) with oversight from the Executive Management Group (EMG). Blocks are assigned to departments. The department is responsible for proper block stewardship.

why not assign surgeon block



POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

‘collectable time’ drives block changes

real time realization you are off track

14. Measurement of Block Management

- a. Surgical block allocations for the OR schedule are determined based on a combination of collectable time/blocks, collectable %, and Exchange transaction history.
- b. Due to the COVID 19 pandemic, utilization data has been excluded from Block, Prime Time and Staffed Room Utilization from March 16, 2020 through August 31, 2020.
- c. Collectable Time is considered under-utilized OR time and therefore can be reallocated to increase access for other services and surgeons. It is composed of the following 3 categories:
 - i. **Entire Block Unused Minutes:** If a block was not manually released and not a single minute of it was used, then all the minutes in that block are count towards Collectable Time.
 - ii. **Continuous Unused Time:** If a block is not manually released and if it is not filled fully, there will be empty pockets of time within the block. If any single continuous measurement of time is larger than:
 - a. **SOR and DCH:** 3.5 hours (the Continuous Unused Time Threshold), then that pocket of time is regarded as collectable.
 - b. **CHH:** 2.5 hours (the Continuous Unused Time Threshold), then that pocket of time is regarded as collectable.
 - iii. **Released Time Above Acceptable Release Minutes:** The Acceptable Release Minutes is determined based off of the Manual Release Threshold. This is calculated as (Total Manual Release Minutes minus Acceptable Release Minutes). *Acceptable Release minutes: Manual releases that take up to 20% of total allocated time wont' be counted toward collectable time.

15. Block Review and Removal

- a. Data review is completed at local MG level. Decision comes from committee on appropriate action. Implementation is specific to the decision (ex email, meeting, escalation). Measurement of effectiveness and consequence of implementation typically occurs for following 2-3 months.
- b. Possibilities interventions for removing/reallocating block:
 - i. Increase block release
 - ii. Alter block length (ex. from 10hrs to 8hrs)
 - iii. Split existing block (ex. take 2 days out of 4 away)
 - iv. Move existing block to a day/location that can be better utilized. Impacts other service lines.
 - v. Remove block (partial or all).
- c. Blocks are subject to removal if greater than 20% total collectable time is observed. If review by MG does not produce sufficient evidence for retaining the block, a plan to reallocate or remove will be presented to service. If there is disagreement between MG and service on plan, escalation will occur to EMG for support and decision. Final decisions and changes will be communicated in writing to the department chair, administrator, division chief, and surgeon as applicable.

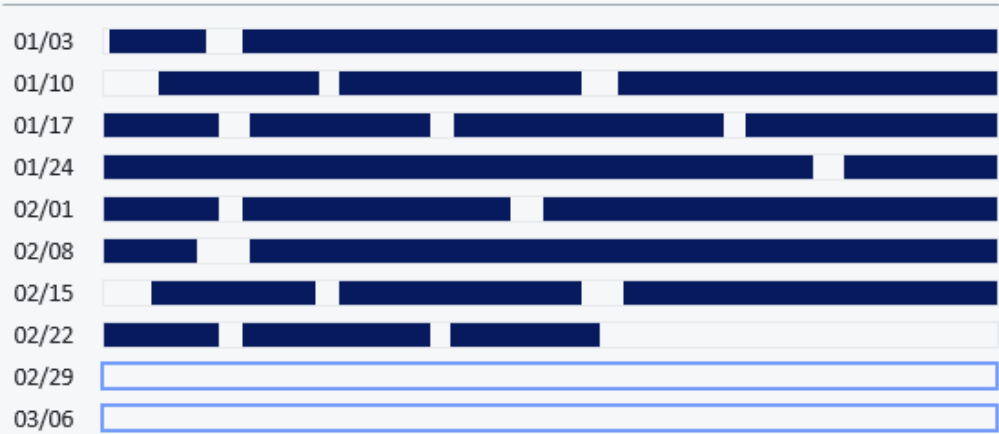
*Evidence includes: A reliable source of new surgical volume i.e. new provider, new program or extenuating circumstances.



WHAT IS COLLECTABLE TIME

block utilization

SURGEON A



SURGEON B



- **Block utilization targets arbitrary and (“1 – block utilization”) means nothing:** You can’t take that amount away from surgeons
- **Not surgeon centric:** Penalizes surgeons for small and meaningless delays
- **Not comparable** across service lines
- **Not comprehensive:** Does not account for complications like block time release

WHAT IS COLLECTABLE TIME

collectable time



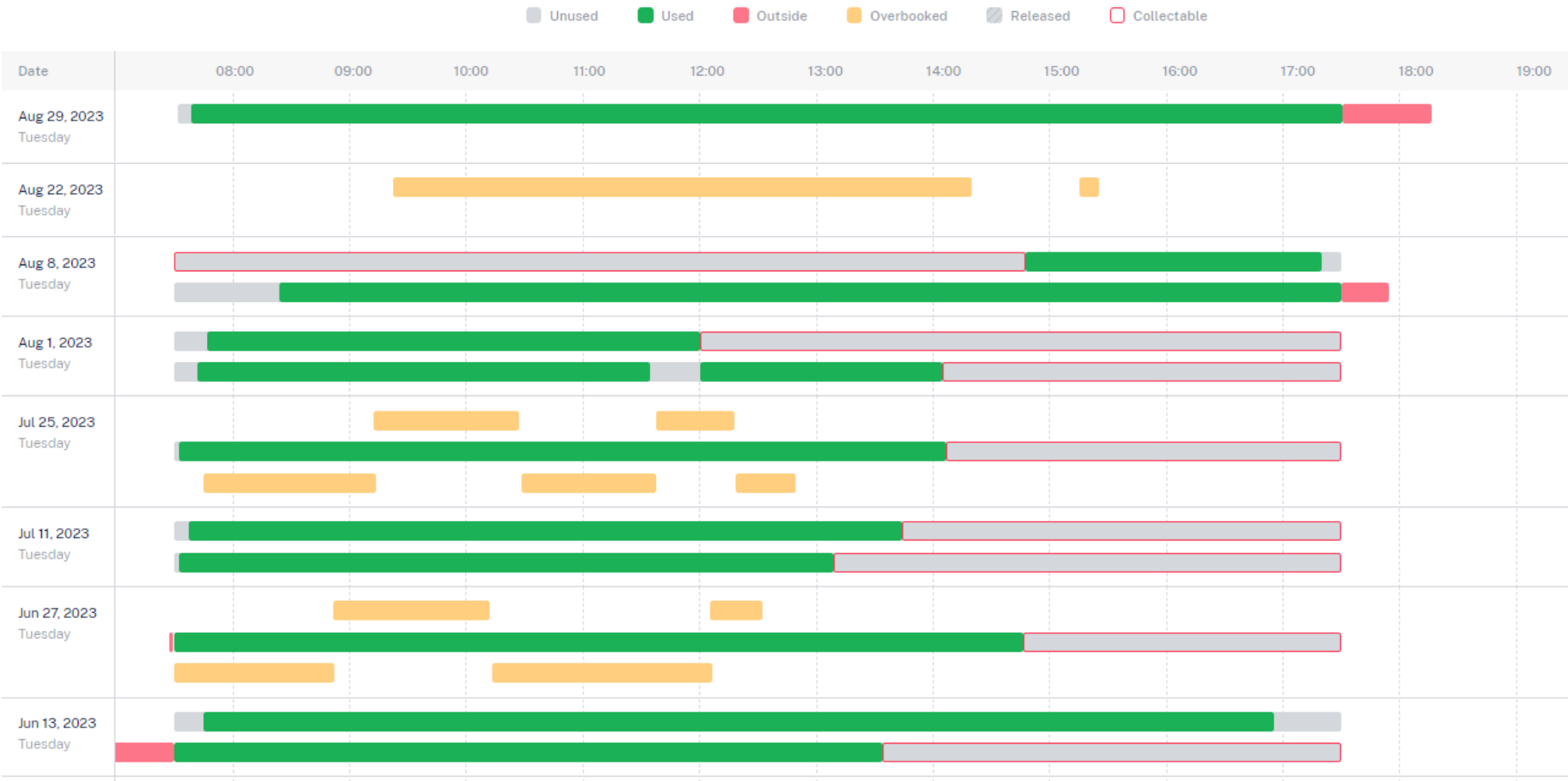
- Large contiguous portions of unused time
- Abandoned time
- Release percentage beyond a certain threshold

A 12-WEEK EXAMPLE

- Legend**
- Used block time
 - ▨ Released block time
 - Non-collectable (ignore)
 - ★ Collectable (consider)

Collectable time considers only time that could have been used for additional cases, and allows leadership to apply rules around released time

COLLECTABLE CASE STUDY



COLLECTABLE CASE STUDY

Completed Tables (6)

Date Range	Allocated Blocks / qtr	Excess Blocks / qtr	Collected Blocks / qtr	Completed Date
Dec 31, 2018 - Dec 31, 2019	197	14 (7%)	11 (6 decisions)	Jan 24, 2020 by Kristen Lund
Dec 31, 2018 - Dec 31, 2019	201	33 (16%)	9 (5 decisions)	Jan 21, 2020 by Kristen Lund
Aug 31, 2018 - Aug 31, 2019	26	8 (31%)	6 (3 decisions)	Sep 13, 2019 by Kristen Lund



POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

Level 1 – Immediate/Acute Life-and-Death Emergency: Patient's condition unstable, needs to be in **OR now**. Patient is in immediate risk of loss of life or loss of limb, shock, or may not be responding to resuscitation measures.

Level 2 – Urgent: Patient's condition unstable, needs to be in **OR within 2 hours** of posting where a delay of greater than 2 hours may result in significant risk to life, limb, or organ.

Level 3 – Priority-High: Patient's condition stable, but requires attention to prevent deterioration, needs to be **in the OR within 6 hours** of posting where a delay of up to 6 hours will not result in risk to life, limb, or organ.

Level 4 – Priority-Med.: Patient's condition stable, should be in the **OR within 12 hours** of posting to reduce potential morbidity where delay of up to 12 hours will not result in risk to life, limb or organ.

Level 5 – Priority-Low: Patient's condition stable, should be in the **OR within 24 hours** of posting where delay of up to 24 hours will not result in risk to life, limb, or organ.

Level 6 – Non-Urgent/Non-Priority: Patient's condition stable, should be in the **OR within 72 hours** of posting, where delay of up to 72 hours will not result in risk to life, limb, or organ.

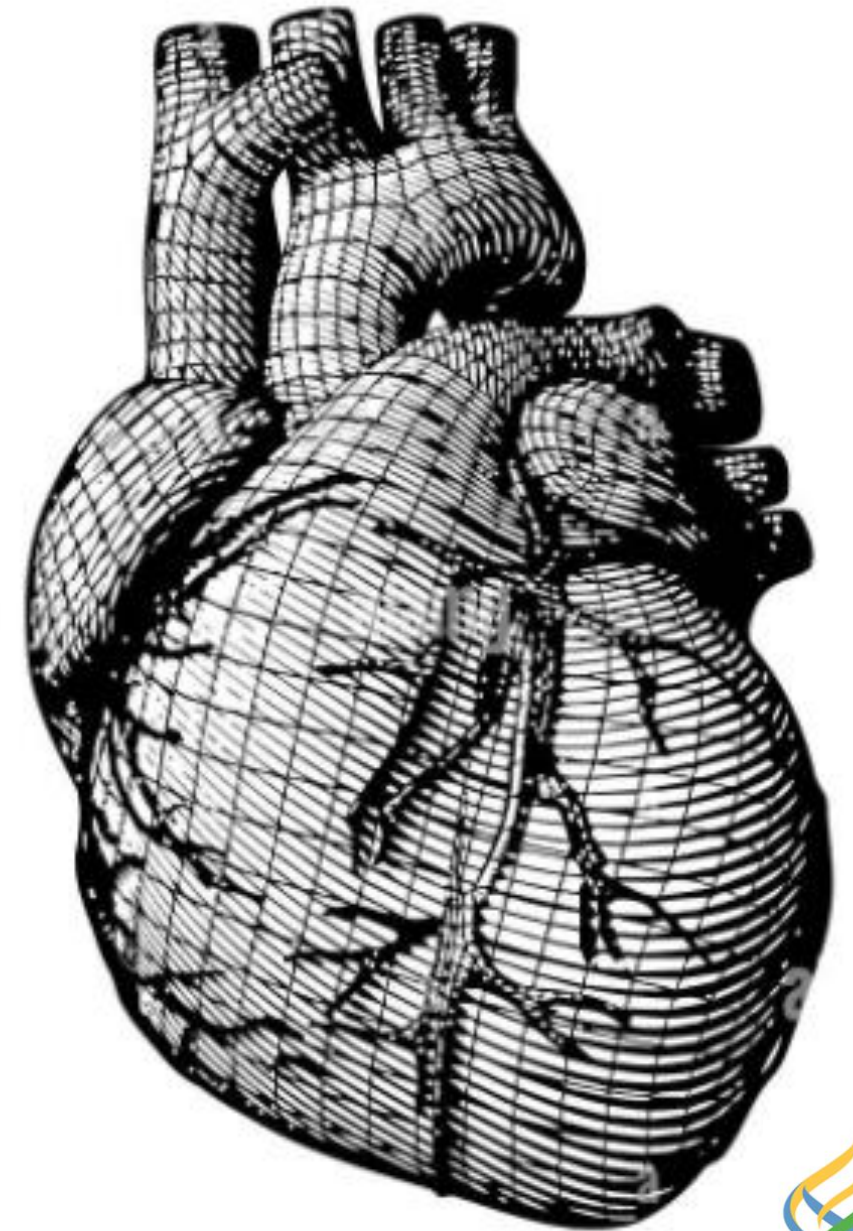
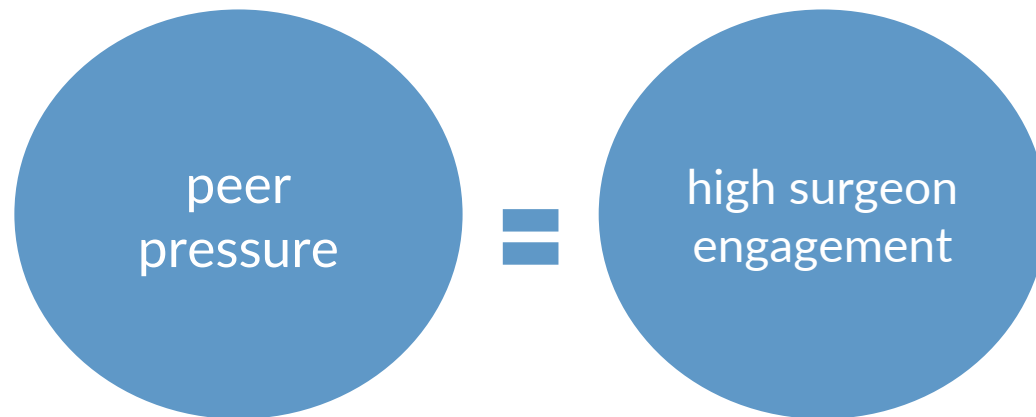
prioritization

add-on level
classification adapted

cardiac block as shared trauma space

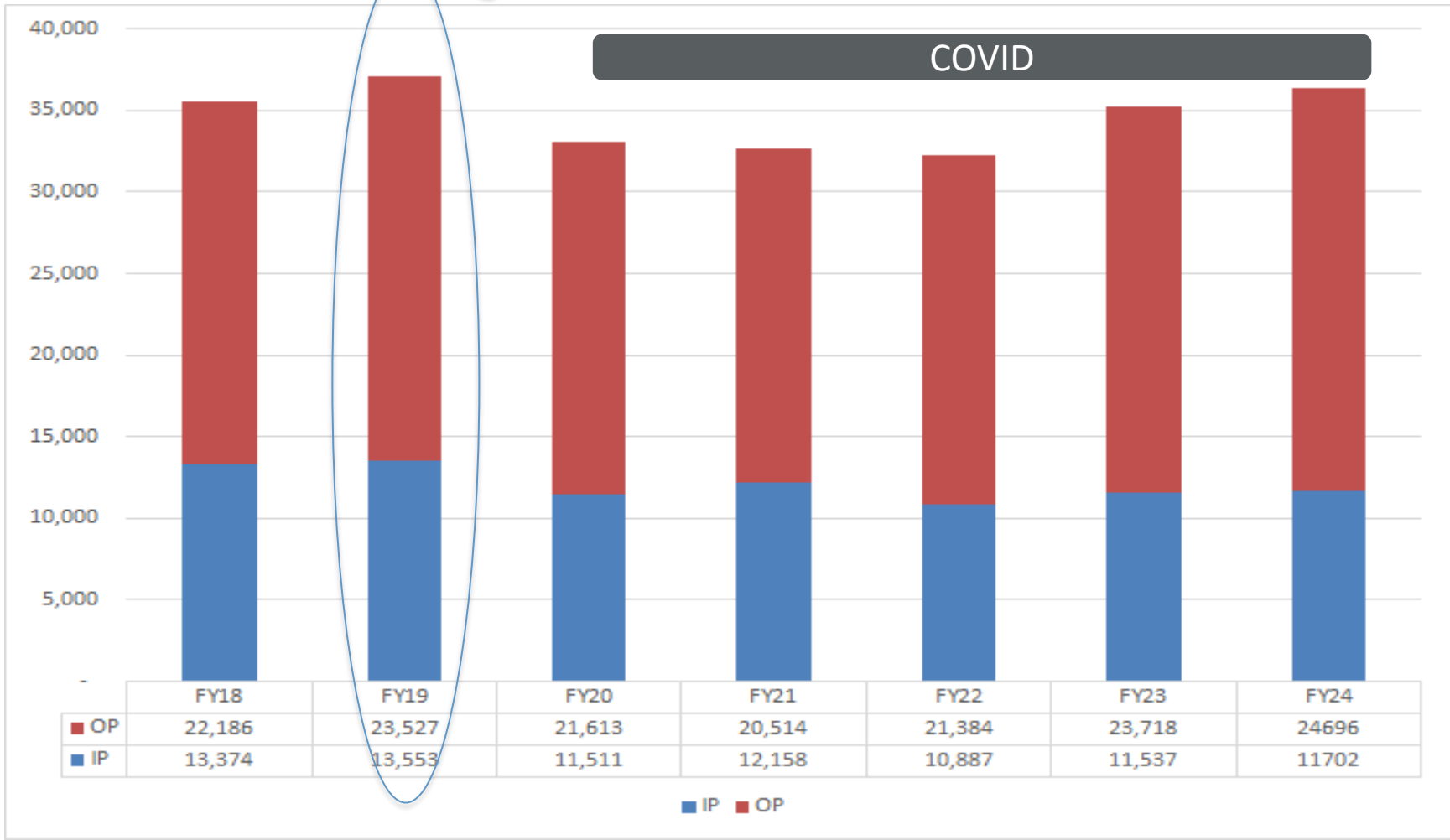
access

cardiac - high collectable time
translated opportunity to open access for add ons

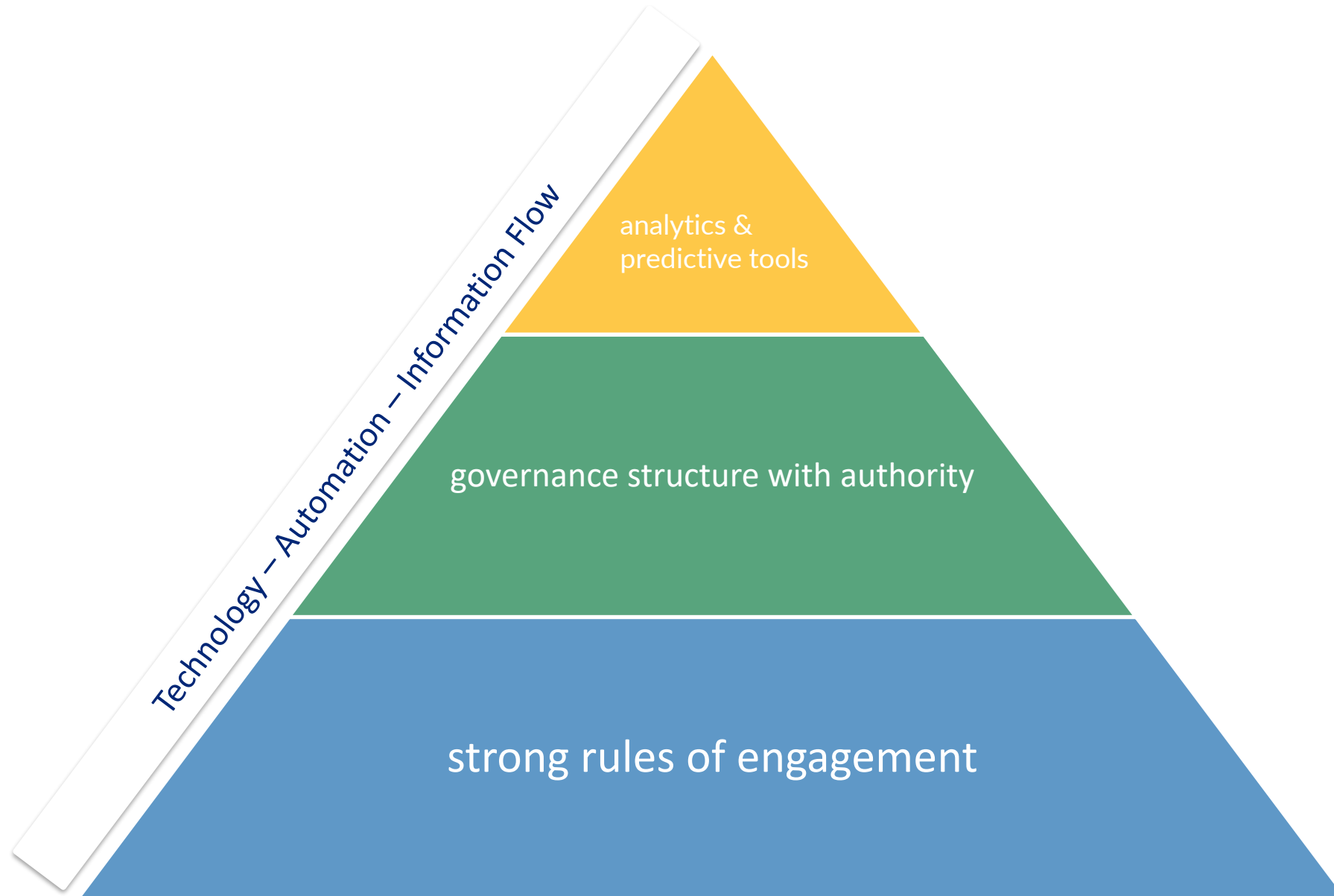


TOTAL CASES

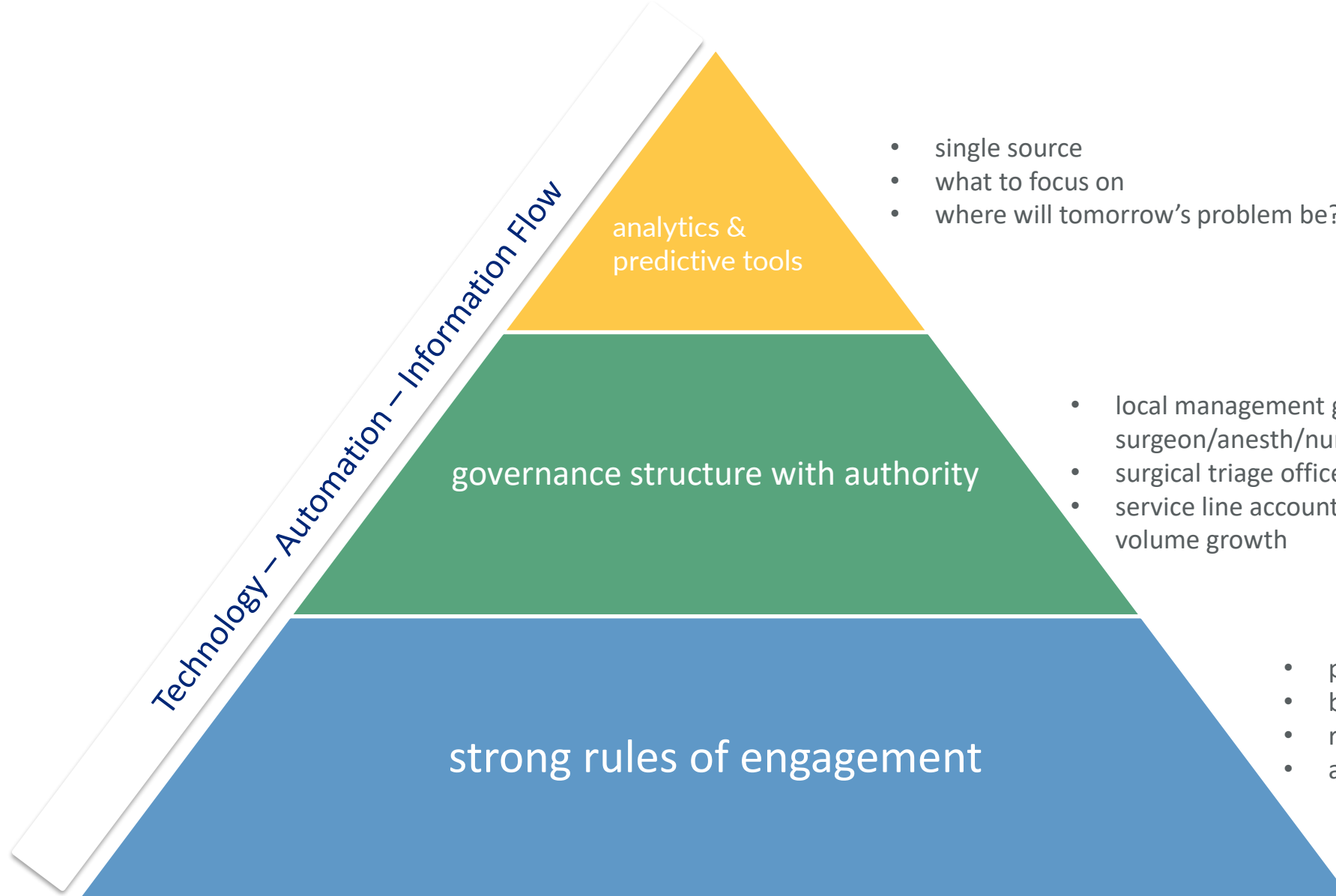
IP – 1.3% (179 cases)
 OP – 6.0% (1,341 cases)



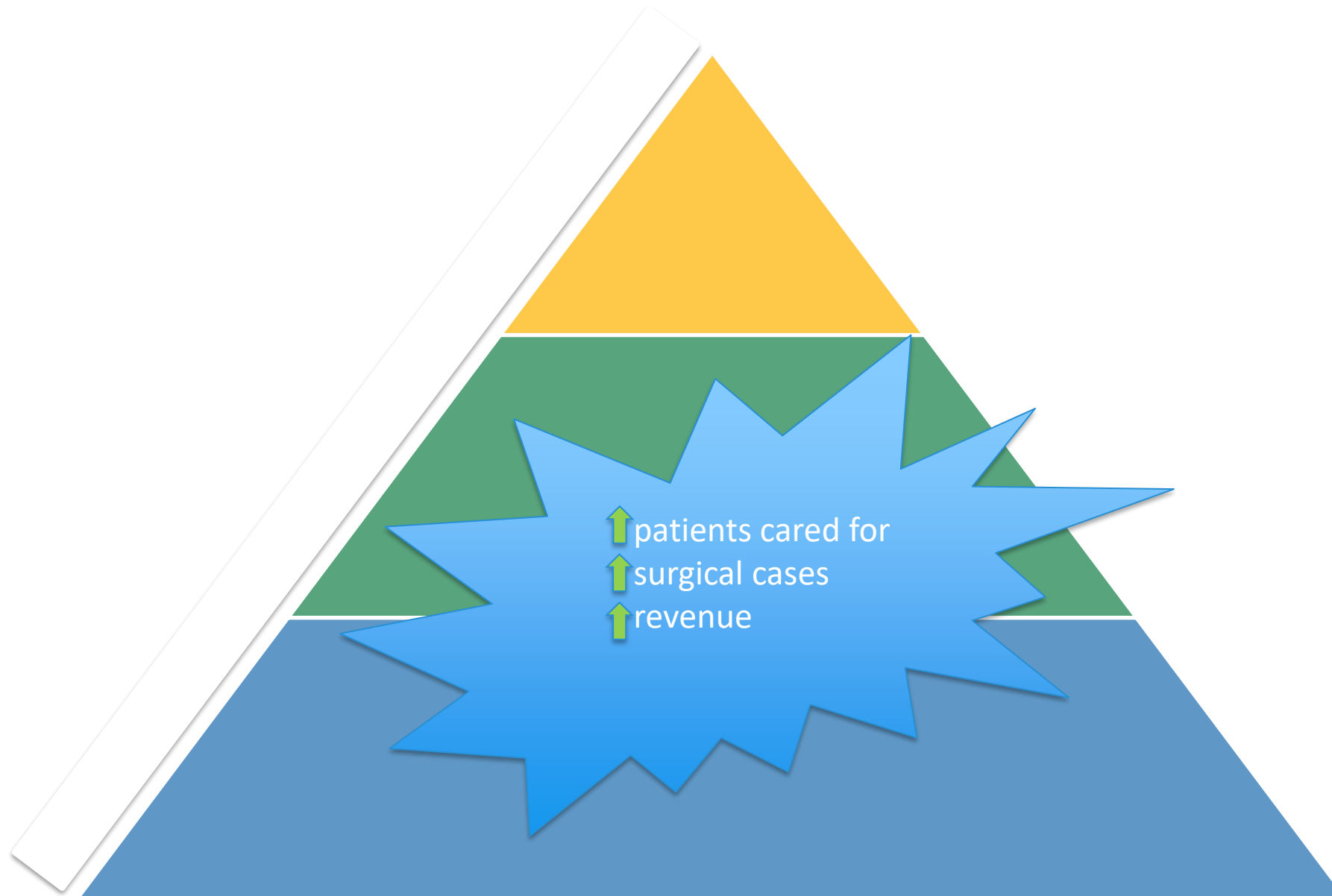
OHSU PERIOPERATIVE OPERATIONS STRUCTURE



OHSU PERIOPERATIVE OPERATIONS STRUCTURE



OHSU PERIOPERATIVE OPERATIONS STRUCTURE



Stay
home.
Save
lives.

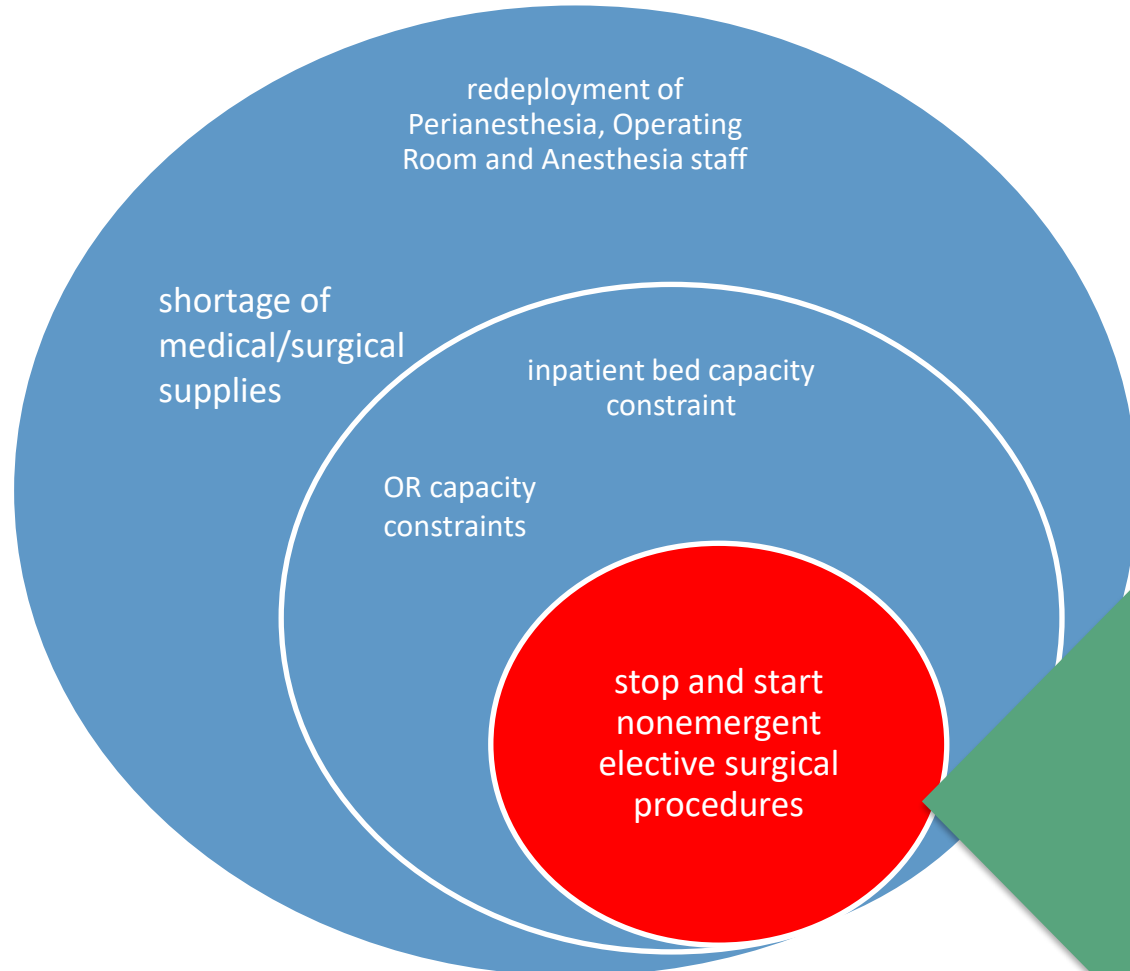


covid19.ca.gov

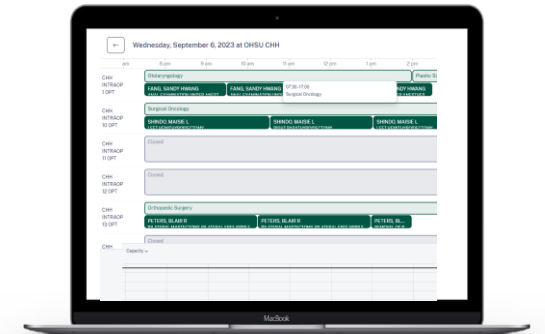


QUEUE DURING COVID-19

access



iQueue capacity module tool



back end ability to open and close available time

iQueue capacity module tool

all OR resources used by not overbooked

dynamic, custom messages to drive booking behaviors that are beneficial to the system

QUEUE DURING COVID-19

accountability

one source

leveraged real-time exchange

advanced reporting and analytics to
increase the operating room capacity

universal hold on data from initial
pandemic response

connections outside Periop

full visibility to operating room utilization,
resources and into open time

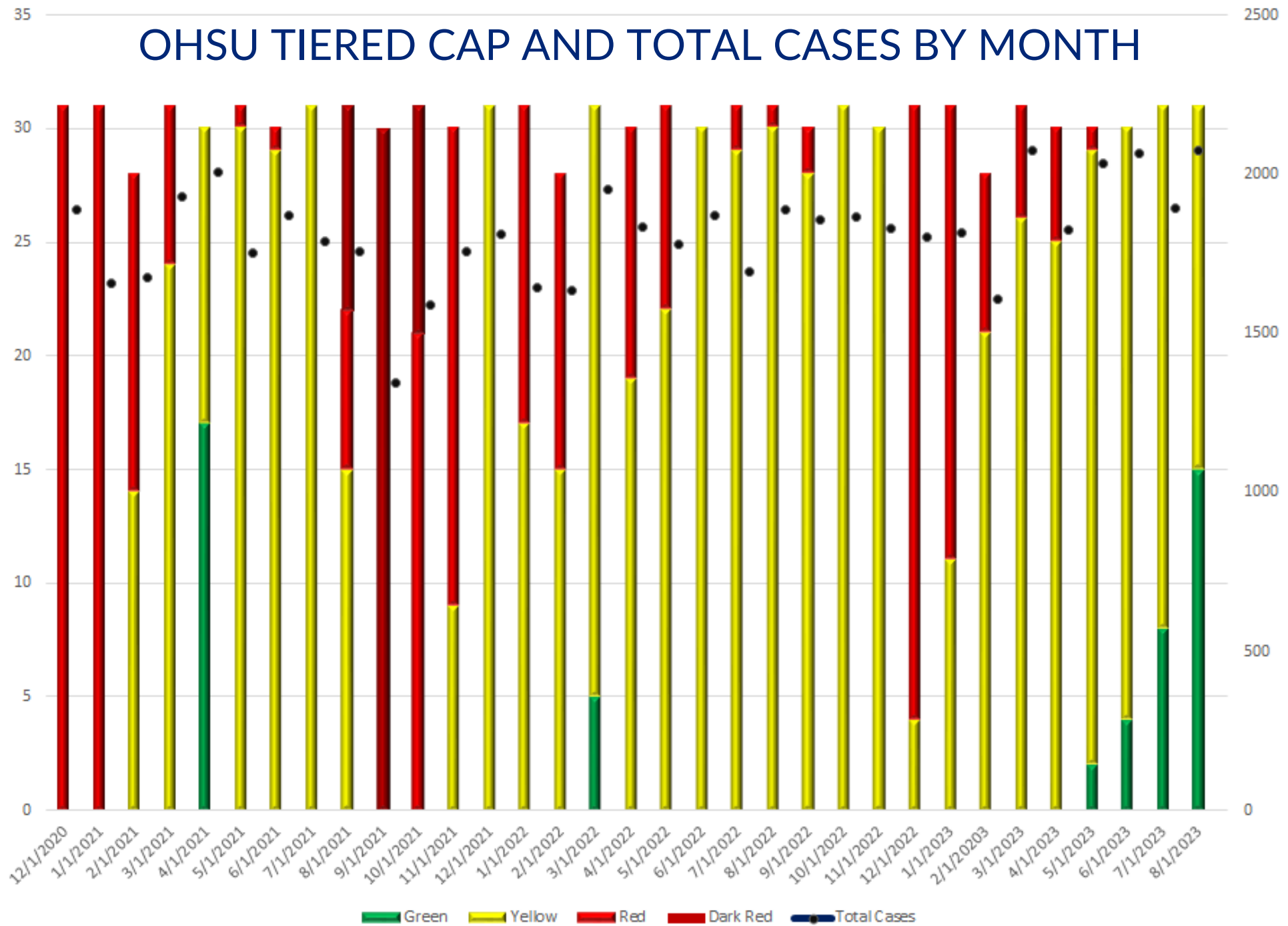
increased partnership Mission Control
(bed placement)

QUEUE DURING COVID-19

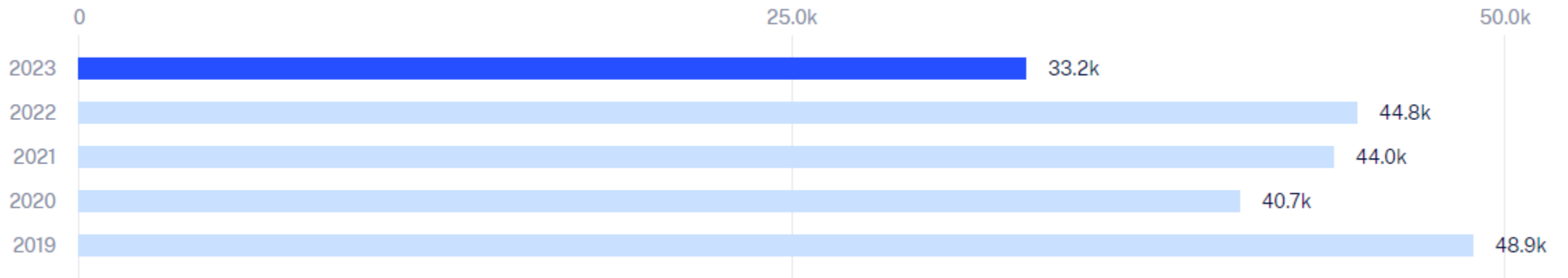
Periop and MSPU: Tiered Response – Operational Reference Guide

	Green Tier	Yellow Tier Block/ Green Tier Admissions (modified)	Yellow Tier (modified)	Red Tier (contingency)	Dark Red Tier (CRISIS)
Block Schedule	SOR Green Block [here]	SOR Yellow Block [here]	SOR Yellow Block [here]	SOR Red Block [here]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Additional reduction in all areas to re-deploy workforce ✓ Case-by case decision based on IP capacity
Admission Cap	25/day, 6 of 25 can be ICU bound + MPSU 75 (3 day rolling average)	25/day + MPSU 6 of the 25 can be ICU bound.	20/day + MPSU 6 of the 20 can be ICU bound.	SOR 15/day 4 of the 15 can be ICU bound MSPU 1 ICU in addition No more than 2 pts per day to any ICU	15/Day 4 ICU total (including up to 1 from MSPU) No more than 2 patients to any ICU
MSPU	Normal operations 2 ICU bound procedure per day.		Normal operations. 1 ICU bound procedure per day.	BMT through IR is not included. Normal day patients access.	Extreme high risk for same day cancellation BMT through IR is not included. Normal day patients access.
iQ – types of pts allowed to be booked through iQ	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • admitting pts., • same day discharge, • Already in house, • 6A to OCU 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • admitting pts., • same day discharge, • Already in house, • 6A to OCU 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • same day discharge, • Already in house, • 6A to OCU 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • same day discharge, • Already in house, • 6A to OCU 	
STO (OR only, not MSPU)	Must approve all cases booked into short release time.		Must approve all case booked into short release time. Must approve all cases booked into open/released time that need admission. Link to STO Communication decision tree [here]		TBD

OHSU TIERED CAP AND TOTAL CASES BY MONTH



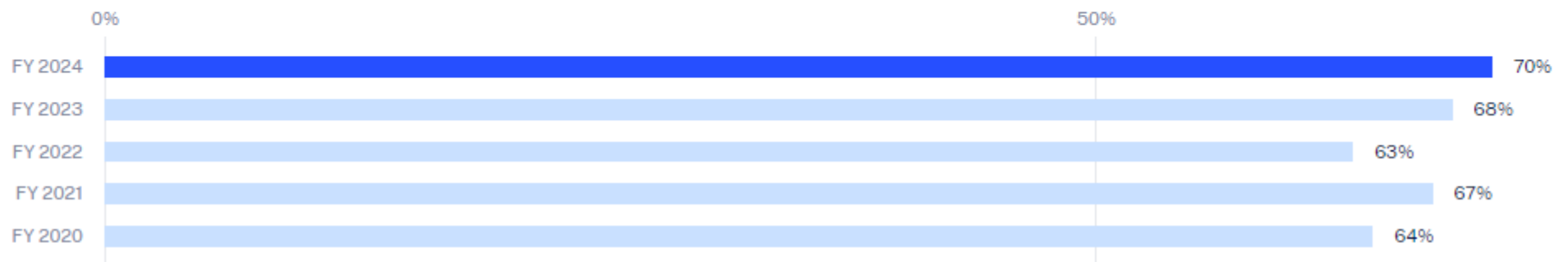
CASE VOLUME YEAR OVER YEAR



PRIME TIME UTILIZATION – MAIN AND ABM OR – FY OVER FY

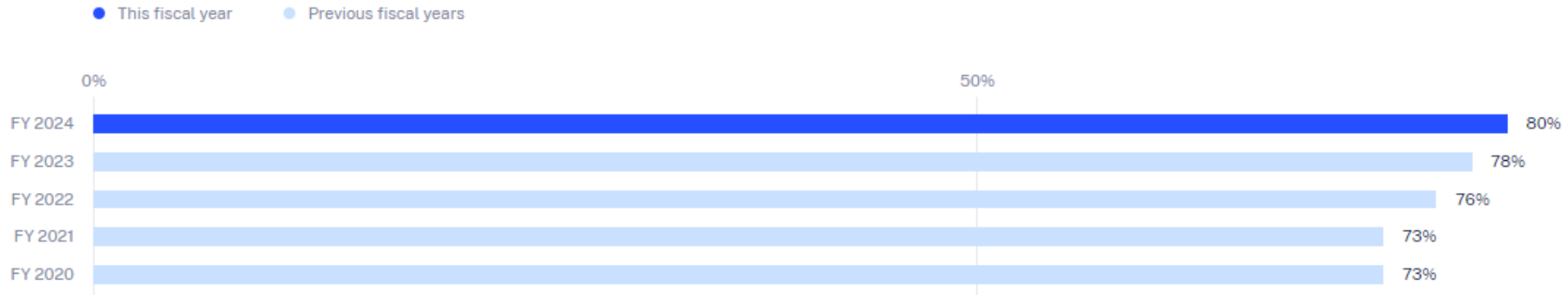
FY 2024: 70%
FY 2023: 68%
FY 2022: 63%
FY 2021: 67%
FY 2020: 64%

● This fiscal year
● Previous fiscal years



BLOCK UTILIZATION – AMB OR – FY YEAR OVER FY YEAR

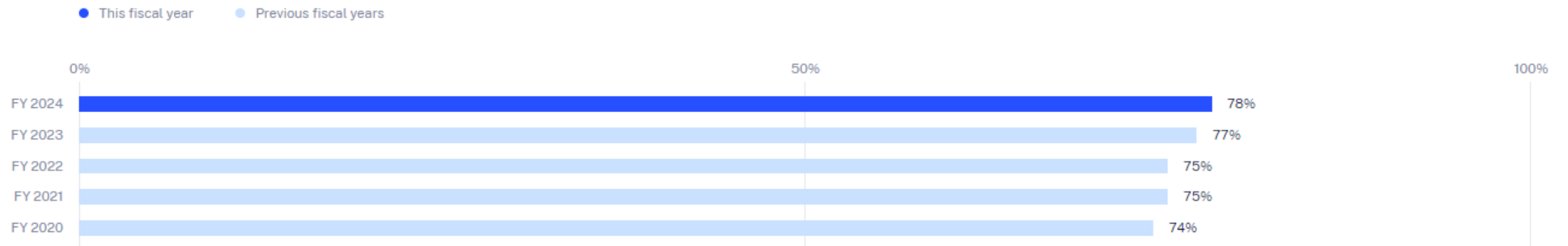
FY 2024 80%
FY 2023 78%
FY 2022 76%
FY 2021 73%
FY 2020 73%



BLOCK UTILIZATION – MAIN OR – FY YEAR OVER FY YEAR

FY 2024 78%
FY 2023 77%
FY 2022 75%
FY 2021 75%
FY 2020 74%

View By
Block Utilization (%) • Descending



Request and release timeliness

CY 22

Requesting and releasing time weeks in advance with quick responses and low denials

12 day ↑

Request proactivity

(11 days in 2022)

18 day ↑

Release proactivity

(11 days in 2022)

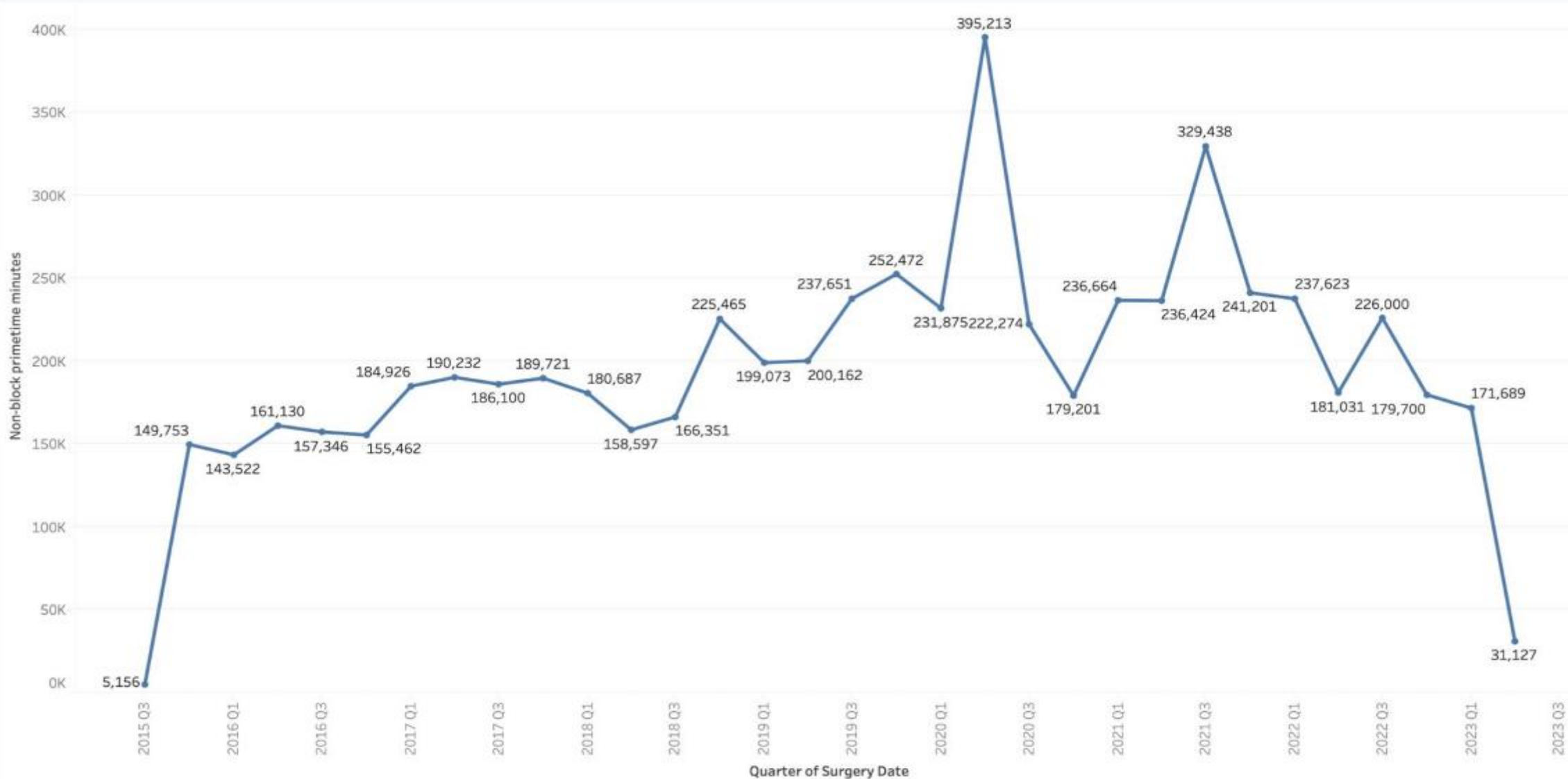
21 day ↑

Transfer proactivity

(15 days in 2022)

- On average, OR schedulers responded to requests in under 1 day
- Slight uptick with 14% of requests were denied

ROI to date: Volume recovered in iQueue



CULTURE: now that you have data, what are you going to do

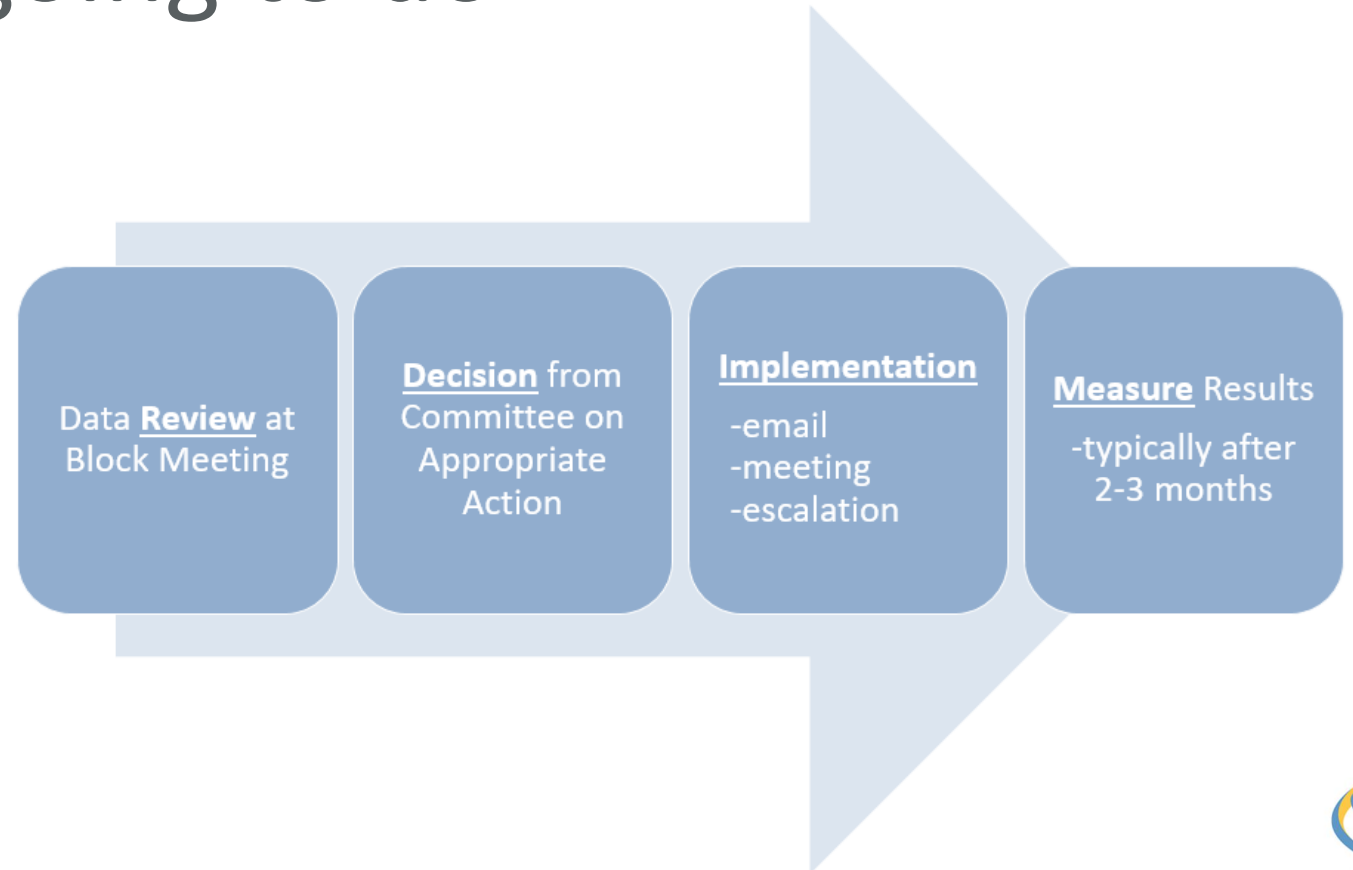
how

monthly local site management group (MG) meetings

quarterly report out to surgeon chief leaders

why

build trust through dynamic responses to changing needs



POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

Leadership Perspective

consistency

block is managed in
predictable way
rules are clear
getting access to OR time
has one process
we all see the same data

focus

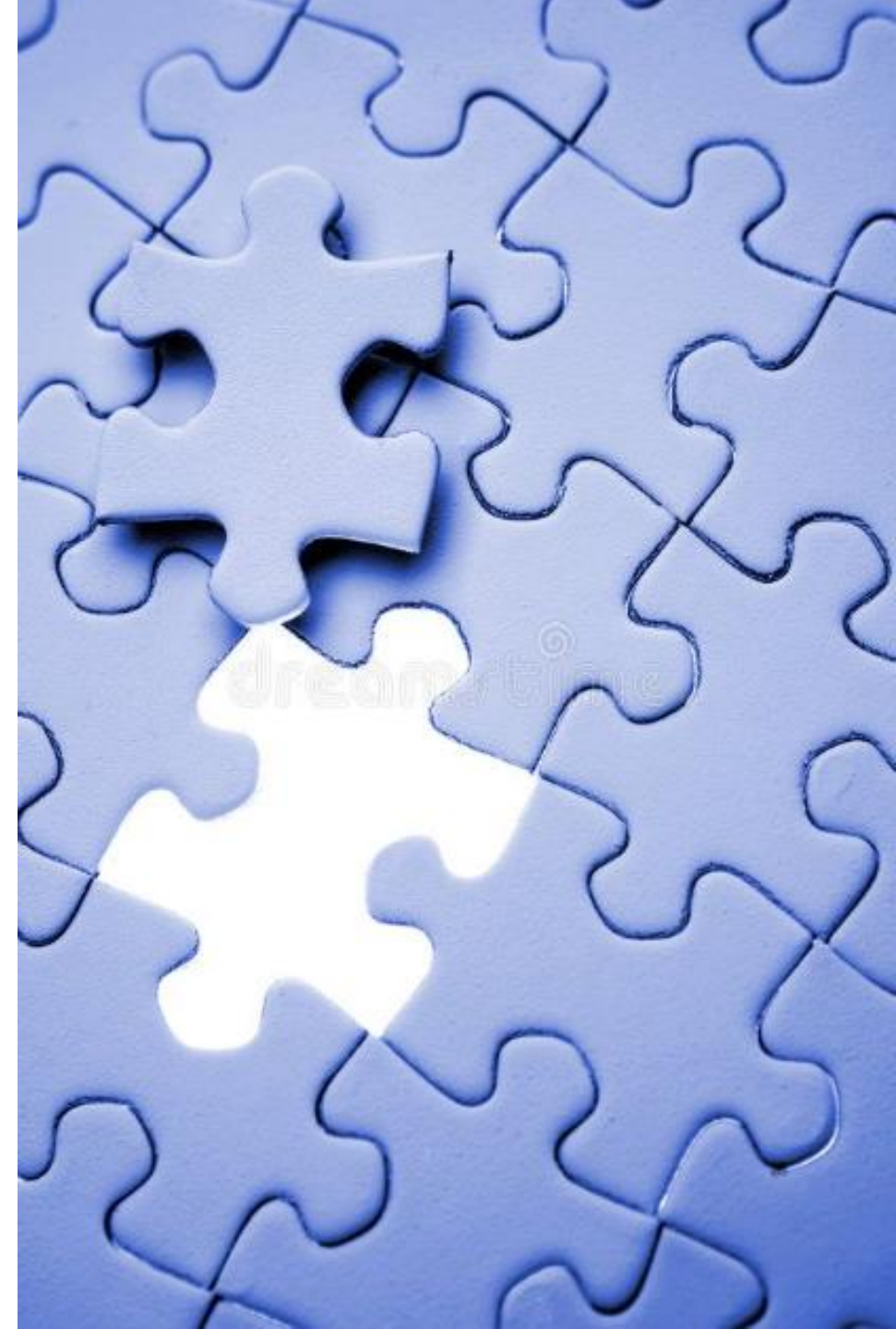
things off track are
obvious
information for decisions
is refined and dynamic

automation

not person dependent
harder to not know
machine learning
less manual

**think of the person you go to for
OR operations and volume and
block**

**if they didn't come back to work
tomorrow, how prepared are you**

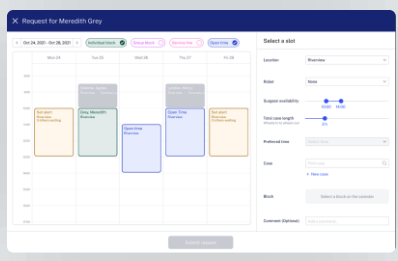


QUEUE NOW

EXCHANGE



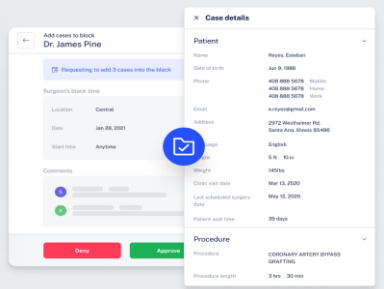
Greater Access to Open Time



CASE SCHEDULING



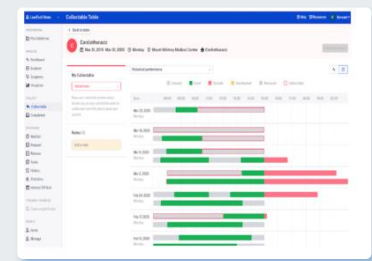
Optimized Scheduling



BLOCK MANAGEMENT



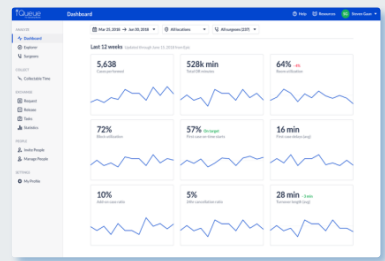
Intelligent Block Allocation



ANALYZE



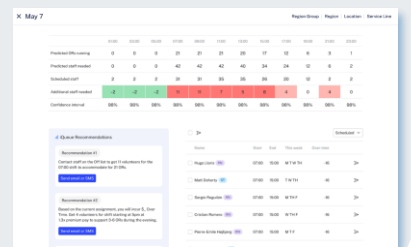
Advanced Reporting & Analytics



STAFFING



Staffing Optimization



THE DOWNSIDE



requires commitment

new winners and new losers

initial versions don't always meet your needs

testing, giving feedback

how you set the system up matters

historic practices are up for review

measuring ROI is complex

volume is not static – nothing is based on single intervention

POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

Further Optimization

median time

moved to Epic calculated median times August 1, 2023

all cases default to use Epic calculated time
new button in case entry *“Do Not Use Median”*

Case Details

Do NOT use Epic median time

Yes

Requested wheels in - out (mins)

240

Spine case estimation tool

Testing and validating the spine case length estimation tool in iQueue

- Currently testing model to ensure accuracy can be improved over current scheduling processes
- Leverages a machine learning model to help predict time needed for spine cases
- Can only be used for spine cases that a surgeon has previously performed

Predict spine case ×

Prediction is based on this set of cases

Surgeon	Location
Riley, Peter	University Inpatient Pavilion

Procedure ID
POSTERIOR LUMBAR SPINE SURGERY [2805]

Procedure description *

C3-T2 POSTERIOR SPINAL FUSION AND DECOMPRESSIONS. ⌵

Patient class

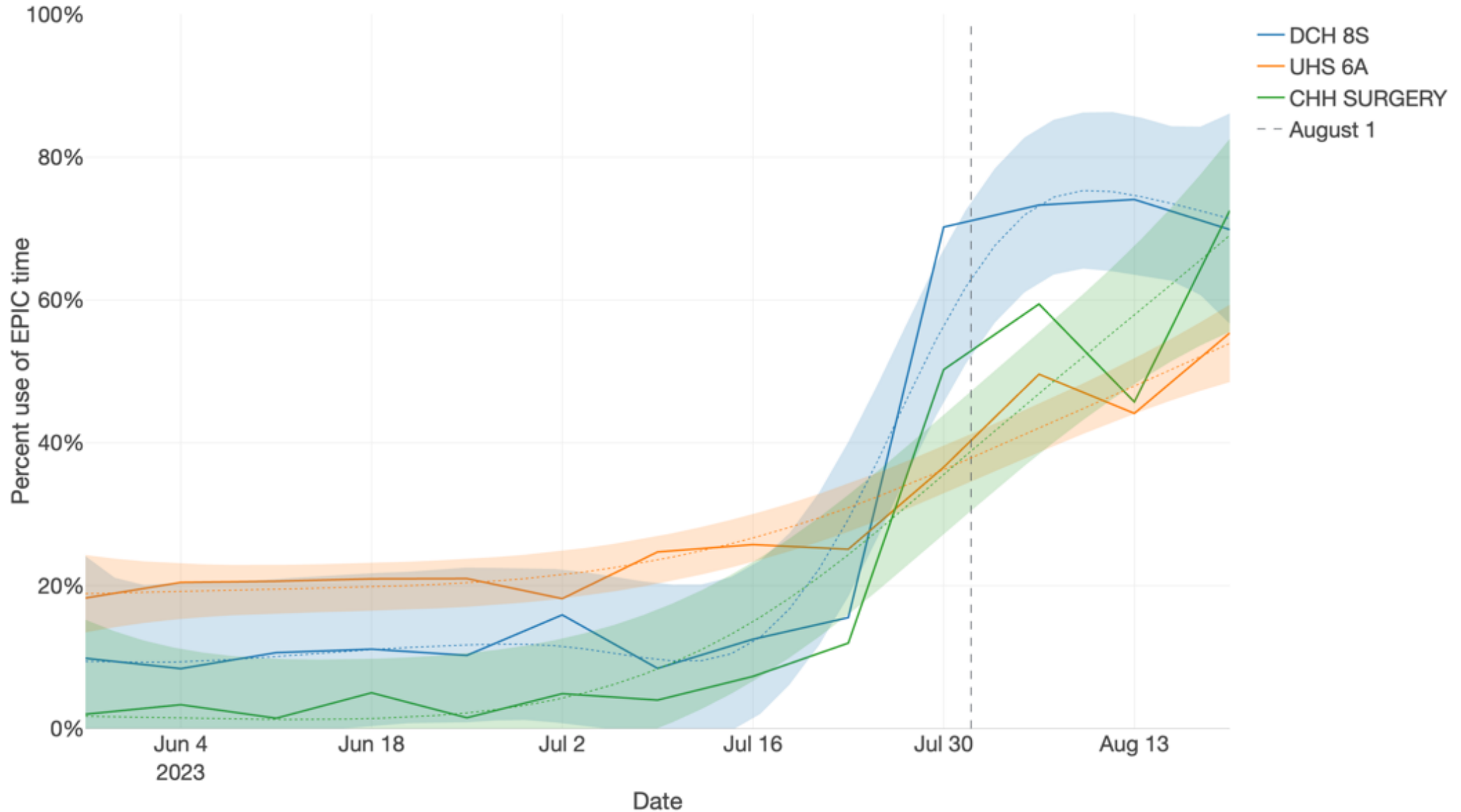
Emergency ▾

Requested length (min) *

210

Run prediction

How often are cases scheduled with the EPIC time?



POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

Further Optimization

predictive analytics:
rooms running

goals

strategic volume management,
right size staffing

[OHSU SOR-Oregon Health] Please see below for the room utilization predictions for the next 14 days

Time of Day	Current											Predicted													
	1	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	17	19	21	23	1	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	17	19	21	23	
Surgery Date																									
Thu, Aug 04	0	0	0	15	14	11	10	8	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15	12	14	14	7	5	2	1
Fri, Aug 05	0	0	0	14	14	12	12	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15	15	18	16	10	5	3	1
Sat, Aug 06	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	6	6	4	2	2	1	1
Sun, Aug 07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	3	3	2	2	1	1
Mon, Aug 08	0	0	0	15	15	15	13	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	19	19	19	18	6	6	3	2
Tue, Aug 09	0	0	0	16	16	16	15	10	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	20	21	22	20	13	7	3	1
Wed, Aug 10	0	0	0	13	13	12	12	8	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	19	18	20	18	13	7	3	2
Thu, Aug 11	0	0	0	15	15	10	10	5	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	19	20	17	19	16	13	7	4	2
Fri, Aug 12	0	0	0	13	13	12	10	7	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	20	20	19	18	14	8	3	1
Sat, Aug 13	0	0	0	3	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	7	5	4	3	2	2	1
Sun, Aug 14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	3	3	2	2	1	1
Mon, Aug 15	0	0	0	12	12	11	8	7	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	19	19	18	19	13	7	3	1
Tue, Aug 16	0	0	0	11	11	9	6	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	19	19	18	15	12	6	3	2
Wed, Aug 17	0	0	0	11	11	10	9	7	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	19	20	19	19	19	13	8	5	2
Thu, Aug 18	0	0	0	6	6	6	5	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15	16	18	16	13	6	3	2

Columns headers: Time of Day in bi-hourly intervals. e.g. "7" represents the 2 hours starting at 7am.

Values: the max number of rooms we are predicting that you will be running during that bi-hourly interval.

Data pulled 8/4/2022






POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

Further Optimization

predictive analytics:
unused blocks

goal
strategic volume management

[Oregon Health - OHSU DCH OR] Below are the abandon block predictions for the next 1-21 days.

Color	Meaning
	Model is more than 99% confident that at least the predicted number of blocks will go unfilled
	Model is more than 95% confident that at least the predicted number of blocks will go unfilled
	Model is more than 90% confident that at least the predicted number of blocks will go unfilled

Morning unused block predictions

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	Aug 08	Aug 09	Aug 10	Aug 11	Aug 12	
	0	0	0	0	1	
	Aug 15	Aug 16	Aug 17	Aug 18	Aug 19	
	1	0	0	0	1	
	Aug 22	Aug 23	Aug 24			
	0	0	0			

POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

Further Optimization

allocation analytics:
out of block usage

goal
data driven decision

Total Out-of-Block Usage

121.9 blocks per month

Surgeon	Out-of-Block Usage (Blocks Per Month) ↓	Proportion of time out-of-block
General Surgeon 1	6.8	60%
OTO Surgeon 1	4.8	63%
Neuro Surgeon 1	4.5	48%
General Surgeon 2	4.2	54%
General Surgeon 3	4.1	23%
Neuro Surgeon 2	3.8	25%
Ortho Surgeon 1	3.7	49%
Ortho Surgeon 2	3.4	36%

POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

Further Optimization

John Smith RN *
06:45-17:00 • 10.25 hr
Charge nurse

Assignment Procedures Providers

Most performed Last 12 Months

8 cases 5 3 Mar 8, 2023
HYSTEROSCOPY WITH D&C WITH/WITHOUT POLYP REMOVAL

3 cases 2 1 Jan 18, 2023
RETROPUBIC MID-URETHRAL SLING (TVT)

1 case 1 Feb 9, 2023
SACRAL NERVE IMPLANT, STAGE II (AXONICS)

7 cases 4 3 Feb 10, 2023
ROBOT XI RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY WITH BILATERAL PELVIC LYMPH NODE DISSECTION

7 cases 4 3 Mar 16, 2023
ROBOT XI TOTAL HYSTERECTOMY, SALPINGO-OOPHORECTOMY

Assign staff to ORs

Click Edit Staff Assignment to assign scheduled nurses and techs to ORs. Click on an OR to see which staff are recommended for assignment, based on their experience with the procedures and surgeons for the cases scheduled in that room.

X Location 1 | Oct 11, 2022 Save

07:00 08:00 09:00 10:00 11:00 12:00 13:00 14:00 15:00 16:00 17:00

OR 01 Hugo Lloris RN X Angharad James ST X APPLICATION EXTERNAL FIXATOR TIBIA Korpela, Tiina Riikka 07:00-10:25 APPLICATION EXTERNAL FIXATOR TIBIA Korpela, Tiina Riikka 10:20-14:20

OR 02 Heung-Min Son RN X Ryan Sessegron RN X EXP LAPAROTOMY/TOTAL... Zedensky, Shelba 07:00-09:00 Procedure name/description Zedensky, Shelba 09:00-13:20 Procedure name/description Zedensky, Shelba 14:00-16:50

OR 03 Procedure name/description Skipp, Oliver 07:00-12:00 Procedure name/description Skipp, Oliver 12:00-16:30

OR 04 Closed

Scheduled staff

All Recommended

Heung-Min Son RN + OR 02 X 07:00-17:00

Ryan Sessegron RN + OR 02 X 07:00-17:00

Sergio Reguilon RN + Assign 07:00-17:00

Hugo Lloris RN + OR 01 X 07:00-17:00

View staff experience

Click a staff member to review more details about their experience with procedures and surgeons for up to 12 months, of which relevant experience is shown first and highlighted.

Hugo Lloris RN + Assign

Procedures Providers

Last 12 months

12 cases APPLICATION EXTERNAL FIXATOR TIBIA

12 cases EXP LAPAROTOMY/TOTAL ABDOMINAL HYSTERECTOMY/BILATERAL SALPINGO-OOPHORECTOMY/BILATERAL LYMPH NODE DISSECTION

11 cases BILATERAL LOWER EXTREMITY

9 cases ROBOTIC CYSTECTOMY

8 cases DESHAWNS ABDOMINAL TUMOR

8 cases CRANIOTOMY ACUTE/CHRONIC NEUROMA

8 cases HYSTERECTOMY WITH BILATERAL TUBAL LIGATION

Hugo Lloris RN + Assign

Procedures Providers

Last 12 months

5 cases Korpela, Tiina Riikka

15 cases Semmens, Caroline

14 cases Winkler, Yuse

14 cases Operative Beddy

11 cases Ayres, Heidi

11 cases White, Nancy

8 cases Leight, Robert

7 cases Operative Drew

Scheduled Staff Recommended

All selected Only show unassigned staff

Save

Download Edit staff assignment

Download .csv

Save and share

After completing assignments, save and share with managers and staff. Current assignments are also visible at any time within iQueue.

POST IQUEUE ENVIRONMENT

Further Optimization

artificial intelligence

DASHBOARDS, EHR AND OTHER STANDARD REPORTS

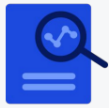
Admire the problem



Descriptive analytics

What happened?

- Utilization reporting
- Block utilization
- Case volume
- FCOTS
- TOT



Diagnostic analytics

Why did this happen?

- Reasons for delays
- Revenue and cost per case
- Historical profitability
- Trends



Predictive analytics

What will happen?

- Identify patterns of underutilization
- Likely for OR time to fairly and transparently re-allocate
- Determine when/where to open surge capacity



Prescriptive analytics

How can we make it happen?

- Actions that:
- Improve minutes used
 - Block utilization
 - Case volume
 - Revenue

WHAT'S NEEDED:

Predict and solve the problem



Generative analytics

Digital assistant that drives actions:

- Why is case volume declining?
- Will we be able to accommodate beds for surgeries next week?

Hi, I'm iQueue Autopilot™.
Let's chat.

Ask a question in the field below, or select one of the examples to get the conversation started.

How is my FCOTS by service line for last quarter?

What are the most common reasons for case cancellation?

What is case length accuracy for different servicelines for q1?

KEY TAKE AWAYS

change in metrics

traditional metrics are not the way of the future – they are just not good enough

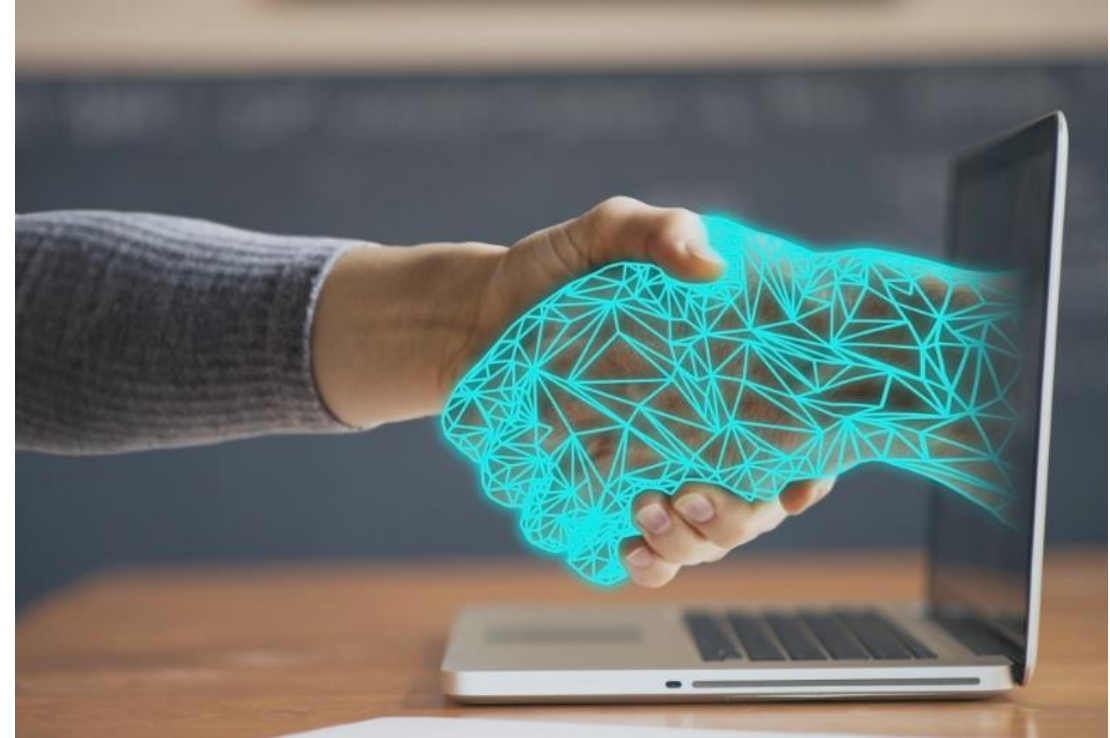
work differently

smarter not harder, force multiplier

- leverage technology to drive outcomes

don't overlook culture

- takes grit, commit





Q&A



JAMIE HARRELL, MBA,
Director of Operations, Perioperative
Services & Multispecialty Procedure Units
harrellj@ohsu.edu



KRISTEN LUND, RN, MN,
Director, Preoperative Medicine
Clinic/OR Scheduling/MSPU Scheduling
bonczkow@ohsu.edu