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	Number of Hospitals	Lump Sum Drug Remedy Payment (\$ in millions)	2022 Drug Payments Made (in Millions)	Total 340B Drug Remedy Payment (sum of Columns 2 and 3)
GT 0-0.10	31	\$16	\$0	\$17
0.10-0.16	65	\$7	\$0	\$7
0.16-0.23	178	\$54	\$16	\$70
0.23-0.35	728	\$3,832	\$711	\$4,544
GE 0.35	642	\$5,087	\$886	\$5,973
DSH NOT AVAILABLE**	11	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>URBAN TEACHING/DSH</b>				
TEACHING & DSH	775	\$7,168	\$1,309	\$8,477
NO TEACHING/DSH	539	\$1,375	\$254	\$1,629
NO TEACHING/NO DSH	0	\$0	\$0	\$0
DSH NOT AVAILABLE	10	\$0	\$0	\$0
<b>TYPE OF OWNERSHIP</b>				
VOLUNTARY	1,241	\$7,208	\$1,309	\$8,517
PROPRIETARY	152	\$32	\$7	\$39
GOVERNMENT	262	\$1,757	\$298	\$2,055

Column (1) shows total hospitals that are expected to receive payments related to the 340B policy under this final rule.

Column (2) includes the estimated drug remedy payment made to account for the policies described in this final rule during the time period of CY 2018 through CY 2022.

Column (3) displays the estimated payment impact of any CY 2022 claims that have been reprocessed by the MACs. CMS notes that if these claims, which include dates of service for services furnished prior to September 28, 2022, were not reprocessed their payments would otherwise have been included as remedy payments in Column 2.

Column (4) includes the total remedy payments, which is the sum of column 2 and column 3.

\*These 1,686 providers include children and cancer hospitals, which are held harmless to pre-BBA amounts, and CMHCs.

\*\* Complete disproportionate share hospital (DSH) numbers are not available for providers that are not paid under IPPS, including rehabilitation, psychiatric, and long-term care hospitals.