

# AI Adoption Roadmap

**Purpose of this guide:** Healthcare organizations are under increasing pressure to improve financial performance, streamline operations, and enhance patient experiences, all while navigating labor shortages and rising payer complexity. Artificial Intelligence (AI) offers a powerful opportunity to transform revenue cycle management by automating routine tasks, predicting risks, and enabling data-driven decisions. This roadmap provides a practical, phased approach to help health systems adopt AI effectively, starting with foundational readiness and progressing toward advanced capabilities.

## Content

1. Readiness Assessment
2. Goal Setting
3. Prioritization Framework
4. AI Adoption Phases
5. Best Practices
6. Your AI Journey Ahead

## 1. Readiness Assessment

### Purpose

Determine organizational readiness for AI adoption.

Before diving into AI adoption, health systems must ensure a strong foundation. This phase is about evaluating whether your organization has the right data quality, processes, and technology infrastructure to support automation and advanced analytics. By identifying gaps early, such as fragmented data, manual workflows, or compliance risks, you set the stage for a successful implementation and measurable outcomes.

### Data Readiness

Ensure your data is accurate, accessible, and integrated across systems, because clean, connected data is the foundation for any successful AI initiative. Assess where you have good, reliable data to avoid “garbage in, garbage out.”

## Process Readiness

Identify repetitive, manual tasks that impact staff morale and evaluate staff openness to automation to target areas where AI can deliver immediate relief. Focus on the processes where you have the most staff challenges, and pinpoint data-intensive tasks that are prone to human error and require substantial manual effort.

## Technology Readiness

Confirm that your infrastructure supports interoperability and meets security and compliance standards to enable safe and scalable AI deployment. Engage IT early to validate integration capabilities and ensure readiness for APIs, HL7/FHIR compatibility, and secure data exchange.

## Output

A readiness scorecard + baseline KPIs for benchmarking.

### *Readiness Scorecard Example*

Category	Criteria	Score (1-5)	Notes
Data Readiness	Data accessible (EHR, billing, payer portals)	4	Most systems integrated; some gaps remain
	Data cleanliness (accurate, complete)	3	Needs improvement in payer data accuracy
	Data connected across systems	2	Limited interoperability between platforms
Process Readiness	Manual, repetitive tasks identified	5	High volume of repetitive claim edits
	Staff openness to automation	4	Positive feedback from internal survey
Technology Readiness	API and HL7/FHIR compatibility	3	Partial support; upgrades planned
	Security and compliance standards	5	Meets HIPAA and internal security standards

## Scoring Guide

**1–2** Significant gaps; requires foundational work

**3** Moderate readiness; improvements needed

**4–5** Strong readiness; suitable for AI adoption

For a detailed checklist, refer to the **AI Implementation Guide** in the AI Toolkit.

## 2. Goal Setting

### Purpose

Define clear, measurable goals to guide AI adoption and track success.

Before implementing AI, health systems need clear, measurable goals that align with organizational priorities. Setting goals ensures that AI adoption is not just a technology initiative, but a strategic effort tied to financial performance, operational efficiency, and patient experience.

Without defined goals, it's difficult to measure success or justify investment. Goals provide direction, help prioritize use cases, and establish benchmarks for ROI.

### Key Steps for Setting Goals

- **Align with Business Objectives:** Identify how AI will support broader organizational goals such as reducing cost-to-collect, improving clean claim rates, or enhancing patient satisfaction.
- **Define Success Criteria:** Establish specific, measurable targets (e.g., reduce denial rates by 20%, improve staff productivity by 15%).
- **Set Timeframes:** Determine short-term (90 days), mid-term (6 months), and long-term (12+ months) milestones for achieving these goals.
- **Identify KPIs:** Select metrics that will track progress, such as Days in A/R, denial rate, clean claim rate, and staff productivity.
- **Document Goalposts:** Capture baseline performance and desired outcomes to compare post-implementation results.

### Output

A documented set of goals and KPIs that will guide prioritization, implementation, and evaluation throughout the AI adoption journey.

## 3. Prioritization Framework

### Purpose

Answer “Where do I start?”

Once readiness is established, the next step is deciding where to begin. This phase helps health systems focus on starting small, but accurate, by prioritizing AI projects based on impact, ease of implementation, and risk. By starting with quick wins, organizations can build momentum, demonstrate ROI, and lay the groundwork for broader transformation.

## Criteria for Prioritization

- **Impact**

Evaluate the potential for improved productivity, reduced costs, and increased revenue by asking, *Where are you losing revenue?* Focus on areas where financial leakage is significant and where automation could deliver measurable gains.

- **Ease of Implementation**

Consider data availability and workflow complexity by asking, *Where do you have good, clean data?* and *Which payer(s) are less complex to start with?* Prioritize use cases that require minimal integration effort and have reliable data sources.

- **Risk:** Compliance and operational disruption

Assess compliance and operational disruption by asking, *Which task or workflow will be least disruptive to current operations?* Choose initiatives that minimize regulatory risk and avoid major workflow interruptions during implementation.

## Approach

The best way to begin AI adoption is to start small and accurate. Focus on easy wins—low-complexity workflows with clean, reliable data and selected payers—before expanding to broader use cases. Rather than starting with which technology to adopt, begin with the business problem you want to solve, and use insights from your pain points to guide prioritization. Tools like RCMTAM can help assess readiness and rank opportunities effectively.

## Output

Ranked list of AI use cases based on impact, ease, and risk.

### Prioritization Matrix Example

Category	Use Case	Impact	Ease	Risk	Priority	Roadmap Alignment
Patient Access	Insurance Eligibility Verification	High	High	Low	Top Priority	Quick Win
	Prior Auth Automation	High	Medium	Medium	High Priority	Expansion
	Patient Financial Assistance Screening	High	Medium	Medium	High Priority	Quick Win
Mid-Cycle	Autonomous Coding	High	Medium	Medium	High Priority	Expansion
	CDI	High	Low	Medium	Medium Priority	Expansion
Back-End	Appeal Generation	High	High	Medium	Top Priority	Quick Win

## How to use this matrix

### Impact

Revenue improvement potential (High, Medium, Low Impact)

### Ease

Ease of implementation, data availability and workflow complexity (High, Medium, Low Ease of Implementation)

### Risk

Compliance and operational disruption (High, Medium, Low Risk)

### Priority

Balance all three factors to identify quick wins and strategic initiatives (Top Priority, High Priority, Medium Priority, Low Priority)

### Roadmap Alignment

Determine when each use case should be implemented—Quick Wins for immediate ROI, Expansion for medium-term integration, and Advanced for long-term strategic transformation

- Quick Win (Short-Term)
- Expansion (Medium Term)
- Advanced (Long-Term)

For vendor selection criteria, see the **Vendor Evaluation Form** in the AI Toolkit.

## 4. AI Adoption Phases

Integrating AI and automation into your RCM workflows is a manageable process that can yield immediate benefits. The key is to start with a focused approach and expand strategically.

Note that the placement of use cases in each phase in this section is suggestions only. They can be adjusted based on your organization's priorities, readiness, and resources.

### Phase 1: Pilots and Quick Wins (Short Term)

Start with low-complexity initiatives that are minimal in disruption and deliver measurable ROI within 90 days, building confidence and momentum for broader AI adoption.

## Example of Use Cases

### Patient Access

- *Eligibility Verification*: Automate eligibility checks and Medicare MBI lookups.
- *Dual Coverage Review*: Automate COB checks for secondary insurance.
- *Prior Authorization Requirements*: Pull payer rules and auto-validate requirements.

### Mid-Cycle

- *Loading Fee Schedules*: Automate updates to fee schedules across systems.
- *Suspending Claims for Medical Records*: Hold claims until documentation is complete.

### Business Office

- *Insurance Discovery*: Prioritizes discovered insurance coverage opportunities based on likelihood of payment to maximize recovery.
- *Claim Status Automation*: Check claim status in real-time and update EHR queues.
- *Automated Appeals Generation*: Auto-draft appeal letters based on denial codes and payer rules.
- *Cash Flow Prediction*: Forecasts cash flow for 30, 60, and 90 days using predictive analytics to support financial planning.

## Phase 2: Expansion (Medium Term)

Move beyond pilots to integrate AI into core workflows and drive efficiency, tackling more complex processes that require deeper data connections and cross-functional collaboration.

## Example of Use Cases

### Patient Access

- *Prior Authorization*: Automated submission and tracking for simple procedures and service lines.
- *Financial Assistance*: Identify charity candidates using income and household size.
- *AI chatbot for patient messaging*: Automated responses for appointment details, cancellations, and confirmations.

### Mid-Cycle

- *Automated Coding Assistance*: AI-driven coding suggestions and error detection.
- *Medical Record Attachment*: Automatically attach required documentation to claims.

## **Business Office**

- *Insurance Discovery*: Predict likely recovery from found insurance coverage
- *Denial Prediction*: Predicts high-risk claims in real time and recommends corrective actions before submission.
- *Underpayment Trends*: Identify complex underpayment trends across different payers and contracts.
- *Account Adjustments*: Automates identification and processing of account adjustments.

## **Phase 3: Advanced (Long-Term)**

Leverage predictive and prescriptive AI capabilities to tackle high complexity initiatives for strategic transformation, enabling autonomous processes and advanced analytics across the revenue cycle.

## **Example of Use Cases**

### **Patient Access**

- *Patient Engagement*: GenAI-powered chatbots for financial counseling and payment plans.
- *Prior Authorization*: Auth submission and tracking for complex procedures and service lines.

### **Mid-Cycle**

- *Dynamic Pricing & Contract Optimization*: AI-driven payer contract analysis and pricing strategies.

### **Business Office**

- *Denials Root Cause Analysis*: AI can analyze denial data to identify patterns and root causes.
- *Underpayment Analytics*: Detect patterns of underpayment across payers and contracts.

## **Additional Example of Use Cases**

This section provides additional examples of AI applications that health systems can explore that align with their strategic goals and operational needs.

### **Patient Access**

- *Propensity to Pay*: Predict likelihood of patient payment at registration.
- *Government Eligibility Denial Elimination*: Automate Medicaid/Medicare eligibility checks.

## Mid-Cycle

- *Pre-Bill Charge Write-Offs*: Identify and remove non-recoverable charges before submission.
- *Charge Reconciliation*: Validate charges against departmental systems to prevent leakage.

## Business Office

- *Basic Remittance Matching*: Match payments to outstanding claims to accelerate cash posting.
- *Cash/Adjustment Posting*: Automate posting of payments and adjustments from remittance files
- *Credit Backlog Cleanup*: Automate adjustments and reconciliation for old accounts.
- *Write-off Detection*: Identifying denials that will eventually be written off to avoid working on them
- *Payment Variance Detection*: Identify discrepancies between expected and actual payments.
- *Late Charge Validation*: Automate decisions on whether to rebill late charges.

## Output

Phased out roadmap with alignment from key stakeholders

For governance requirements during implementation, refer to the AI Governance Policy Template in the AI Toolkit.

## 5. Best Practices

These best practices reinforce key principles highlighted throughout this roadmap. They serve as a quick reference to ensure your AI adoption journey remains focused, efficient, and aligned with organizational goals.

- Don't start with technology—start with the problem you want to solve, and align with organizational goals.
- Address root causes upstream before automating downstream fixes.
- Validate data quality and connectivity before deploying AI models—clean data drives accurate predictions (Use the Readiness Scorecard in this document and in the AI Implementation Guide to assess data readiness.)
- Start small with low-complexity, high-impact use cases to build confidence and demonstrate ROI (Refer to the Prioritization Matrix in this document for guidance on identifying quick wins.)
- Engage cross-functional stakeholders early, including IT, compliance, and revenue cycle leaders.



- Provide ongoing staff training and change management support to drive adoption and reduce resistance (Additional guidance on change management and stakeholder engagement is available in the AI Implementation Guide.)
- Use phased rollouts and pilot programs to minimize disruption and allow for iterative improvements.
- Monitor KPIs continuously and compare against baseline metrics to measure success (See the Benchmarking Framework in the AI Implementation Guide for an example.)
- Incorporate feedback loops and continuous learning to refine AI models and workflows over time.
- Establish clear governance and accountability for AI initiatives to ensure compliance and transparency (Refer to the AI Governance Policy Template in the AI Toolkit.)

## 6. Your AI Journey Ahead

Adopting AI in revenue cycle management is not a one-time project—it's a strategic journey. By starting with readiness and goal setting, prioritizing high-impact opportunities, and following a phased roadmap, health systems can confidently move from planning to execution. This guide equips you with the structure and tools to begin that journey, ensuring measurable outcomes and sustainable success as you expand AI capabilities across your organization.

Explore the full AI Toolkit for supporting resources, including the **Implementation Overview Presentation**, **Implementation Guide**, **Governance Policy Template**, and **Vendor Evaluation Form**, to ensure a successful and compliant AI adoption journey.

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